Murirecsbor

ust prove of interest.

bott, who wants a scal as Senator from orth Carolina, notwithstanding the rerts to the contrary. A report will be made Senator Carpenter, when action is taken the committee, which will bear the sigare of Morton, Carpenter, Anthony and arliamentary law for the admission of Abtt. but it is said they have been unable find a single precedent in the history of

ngthy debate in the Senate, perhaps more han that of Ames, from Mississippi, whose

The Washington Patriot, of Tuesday,

he credentials which were to-day referred ittee report in favor of Abbott it can

and capable as captains or colonels, but and extravagant demand, Great Britain claims will vastly increase the American who, when graced with the stars of a briga- declares that she never meant to submit demand.

Wilmington

Journal.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1872

theretofore acquired. But of all the illus- rather than do so she will withdraw from trations of the general truth we have chun- the treaty. ciated, that the age has presented, none is Whereupon great indignation among all so remarkable, so unmistakable and so the loyal, a great flapping of wings and last evening in the Chamber of Commerce, glorious, as that afforded in the person of glorification of the American Eagle, and Dr. T. B. Carr in the Chair. The Secre-Ulysses Grant, as President of the United fierce deminciations of "perfidious Albion," tary reported that one hundred and eighty-States. It is as if a tin soldier, such as whose perfidy consists in agreeing to submit two shares were represented in-person, and

placed on the top of the column Ven- jecting this arbitration when it is sought to The President, Col. Atkinson, read the

We do not detract from Gen. Grant's merits as a soldier, though there can be no loubt that the pithy truth uttered by Gen.13,446 Hampton (that "he was fortunate in rising to the surface at a time when the resources of the Confederacy were exhausted") ex-4.473 plains much of that success which is sometimes misnomered "skill." After Appomattex, he occupied a vantage ground in the eyes of the whole country, South and North, to have forfeited which, as he has ingloriously done, argues a degrée of folly and imbecility that are positively criminal. For a while, before foolish visions of political ambiton entered into and distempered his mind, he seemed the magnanimous victor, anxious to calm the agitated has sions of the people, and to restore peace to a convulsed land. On his tour through the South, soon after the surrender, he impressed us all with what had the aspect of dignity, but has proven to be a sullen obstinacy, and with what appeared modesty, but turns out to have been vacuity, while his report on the condition and disposition of our people was such as to elicit a grateful

But it is not now that we propose to peak of the malignant crusade which he has waged, since his accession to civic power, against the white people of the South. It is a warfare which withers all les, previously acquired laurels in the field, for it is The Washington correspondent of the a blow struck by a mailed hand upon the altimore Gazette, writing under date of body of a prostrate foe, the cowardly and brutal blow of insolent power upon de fenceless weakness. Let it pass into hisons have not yet voted upon the case of tory, to point some future moral, and to tell to other times a record of violated law, outraged immunities and dastardly oppres-

We speak here of the abstract picture

appreciation, since most shamefully abused.

this day presented by Ulysses S. Grant, as President of the United States. Without literary culture or colloquial capacity, his consusations are little and low, and his style of composition inclegant and common. A dawdler at places of fashionable dissipaor Thurman, signed by himself, Logan tion, during a great part of each year, he devotes far more attention to the points of devotes far more attention to the points of a racer than to points of statesmans diplomacy, and has a keener discrimination as to the aroma of a eigar, than on any question of national polity. But as if it were not enough that he is malignant and ulgar, recent developments brand him as by a systematic receipt of largess, which, in the stern old Republican days of the counry, would have justly exerted a storm of recent Custom House disclosures and the famous gold-panic allegations of a year or two back, point to inexplicable complicities, the bare suspicion of which, as attaching to the high office of President of the Inited States, is disgraceful to the governnent and the country.

The hypocrisy of President Grant would eem to be as prominent as the other qualities we have named, and which, all comcal leaders and office-holders for re-election. With a recommendation for amnesty in his message, his fugleman and trumpeters on he floor of the U. S. Senate oppose and denounce it,-doubtless, by authority, for, in this venal and truckling age, such men as Morton and Cameron dare not oppose the gilded sceptre of power; and with protestations of a desire for civil reform on s lips, his henchmen in Congress resist

Of such material does Radicalism conlitical iconoclasts of the French Revolution t breaks down the august image we were wont to regard with so much pride, and substitute for it a mockery and a revolting

The Alabama Question.

The Northern papers, headed by the New York Herald are, with a few excepexcitement about the position just taken not be less than hundreds of by the English government with regard to the Washington treaty. After investigating and buncombe under which gassy congressmen and editors have almost smothered it, just cause for her course of action. Even Ben Butler, who has been most bitterly hostile to England, and who would have precipitated the country into a war with her on the Fisheries question, says openly that

" we presented a case we had agreed not to acts and specific damages can be considered." England was willing to submit to arto believe that the Senate is capable of com- of individuals in consequence of the opera-

cention of her neutrality laws. England

not only usurp the powers of the people, but to pursue and capture those cruisers; seize their property, abridge their liberties but she understood that all claims for and take their lives under the pretence of damages should be limited to those specific after the date of the award, at the usual guaranteeing a Republican form of governitems. Now, indeed, a new and most pre- rate of interest in the city of New York, ment to the States. Thus we go. posterous claim is asserted, and is to be urged before the tribunal of arbitration. It is that Great Britain shall be held re- be computed from an average day, say July SIR SAMUEL BAKER tells us of a pigmy sponsible for an indirect say, for the prolongation of the war after far as it goes, the figures reach the sum of the battle of Gettysburg, for, it is argued,

According to the longering of far as it goes, the figures reach the sum of \$26,136,806. It will be observed, bowever, ed in exact proportion to their diminutive- that all offensive operations on the part of ess. It is by some such force of contrast, the rebels ceased after that battle except on loubtless, that the intellectual littleness of the seas; and without the aid and comfort our President" but serves to exhibit more given by England the war must have the transfer of the American commercial strikingly his personal, moral and political closed then. Upon this view of the case marine to the British flag, the prolongation deficiencies. Many men are ruined by the indemnity claimed might amount to deficiencies. Many men are runed by the indemnity claimed inight amount to operations of the Confederate privateers af undue promotion, as the proportions of a hundreds of millions—in fact, to fully onestatue are marred by improper elevation. half the debt incurred by the United States upon all the claims up to the day when the

dier, were so far beyond their capacity as to these indirect and constructive damages to lose all of good report they might have arbitration; and it is to be inferred that

children disport themselves withal, were certain claims to arbitration, and then re- three hundred and eleven by proxy.

court assured that he will come out of it solution was adopted by a stock vote: with all his demands accepted," and it goes on to argue that Great Britain should first Company should be increased, and that for see whether the Geneva Cenference will allow these consequential damages before advisable) to make an assessment of thirty she rejects the arbitration altogether, per cent. on the notes of stockholders held Surely if she were to do so, and then should fail to abide by the decision of the arbitrathe accusation of perfidy than by refusing taken until the Directors shall be theraltogether to submit to arbitration such preposterous demands.

The fact is, that if England had not been for years, and were not now, governed by pigmies, such demands would have ere now been answered at the cannon's mouth. If the spirit of a Pitt or even a Palmerston presided over her councils she would have resented as an insult the bare suggestion of an apology or indemnity. Did not the United States, forsooth, purchase arms, ships and munitions of war in Great Britain-ay, and men too. Did they not procure foreign aid vastly more than the Confederacy? which they could never have conquered otherwise. Did they not have the markets of the world to purchase from? Because it pleased a section of this vast country to declare another large section in rebellion, in stultification of all American history, was all the world beside to deny us the rights of belligerents. Were we not belligerent enough-who made occupants for balf a million of Yankee graves? Or else is the principle to obtain that rebels have no rights-equally civilized, humane and progressive as that other, which once deluged the earth in blood-that heretics have

England, during our war, did nothing more than what all other nations have done and will do. No more than was done by this country in the case of Texas and the South American republics. Just as well might Germany demand indemnity and constructive damages from America, because the Army of the Loire was armed and could not have been armed and thus the war was prolonged for six

It was weakness and folly in Great Britain to listen to any such demands, and former spirit, they will compel their governm nt to withdraw from such a pusillanimous treaty. But the present difficulty policy is always followed by national humiliation and disaster. If, instead of staunch and taithful ally crushed and disshe may yet find that she has given herself a master on her own side of the Ocean, as

The American Claims.

The World makes the following estimate conference in behalf of the United States: or the destruction of vessels and property belonging

to the Government of the II. For the destruction of merchant vessels, cargoes and property sailing under the flag United States III. For other damages of

injuries to persons, growing lass of these vessels. [In respect to this item the "case" says it is impossible at present a detailed statement. but the amount of claim canlions of dollars, on account of hardy, helpless scamen and

tures in pursuit of the crni-

of the American commercial marine to the British flag. In respect to this item the nited States ask the arbitrators to estimate the amount which ought to be paid to them, after we submit statistics in respect to our tonnage before and after the rebellion.]

VI. For enhanced payments of insurance by citizens of the

the addition of a large sum to the cos thereof and the suppression of the rebel-

IAs to this item the United States claim that after the battle of Gettysburg offensive operations by the insurgents were conucted only at sea, through the Anglo-Confederate eruisers, with the bone of involving this country in a war with Great Britain. and that the latter ought to in equity rein burse the United States for the expense thereby entailed upon them.

VIII. Interest upon all the claims up to the day when the award is payable by the where most of the claims of individuals are held, which is seven per cent, per annum. The United States claim that interest should

amounts for damages or injuries to persons growing out of the destruction of ves sels by the Confederate cruisers, the loss in of the war, due to the continued offensive We knew of some, for instance, during the in subduing the South, say some two thou- award is payable, according to the terms of the Washington treaty, are not enumerated in this schedule. The amount of these

PANY .- An adjourned meeting of the Stockholders of this Company was held

extend it to other claims which were un- annual report of the President and Direcderstood to be excluded. Upon this point tors, showing a very favorable condition of the logic of the Herold is truly worthy of the Company. An increase of the capital Why birds, and why skadows, it means, why, it the Jesnit Escobar, of illustrious memory, stock of the Company was recommended "No complainant," it says, "ever goes into in this report, whereupon the following re-Resolved, That the cash capital of this

> The following Directors were then elected: J. W. Atkinson, C. M. Stedman, T. H. McKoy, I. B. Grainger, F. W. Kerch ner, R. H. Cowan, H. B. Eilers, A. A. Willard, W. A. Cumming, G. W. Williams, A. J. DeRosset, Eli Murray, Robert Henning, Mex. Sprunt and P. Murphy, New Hanover: T. D. Williams'and J. C. McRae, Cumberland: I. B. Kelly, Dunlin, and J.T.

The meeting then adjourned.

The newly elected Directors will meet at he office of the company, for organization.

WILMINGTON N. C. LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY .- At a meeting of the Directors of the Wilmington North Carolina Life nsurance Company, held on Friday evening, Col. Robert II, Cowan was elected resident of the Company, vice Col. John W. Atkinson, late incumbrent, who delined a re-election. An election for Secretary was not held then but the office will filled in a short time, Mr. S. D. Wallace, for some time past filling that office, has resigned it to assume the position of Cashier of the Bank of New Hanover, but

The Company are fortunate, we think, in securing the services of so energetic and thorough a man of business as is Col.

The retiring President, Col. Atkinson, has labored very zealously in its behalf luring the time that he has held the office and now that a press of other business has compelled him to resign it he will leave its affairs in the best of hands.

THE FIRE YESTERDAY MORNING .-About 45 o'clock vesterday morning fire and smoke were discovered issuing from South Water streets, occupied by Mr. B.
Lehman as a clothing establishment. The
Lehman as a clothing establishment as a clothing establishment. The great exponent of religious toleration, and if he (Mr. Anthony) should attempt to realarm was soon given, and the fire doors were burst open and the store found to be filled with smoke, although there was but very little fire visible. The opening of by any miracle the statue of Roger ted, there would have been a balance of the doors and windows, however, caused a power on this side of the water instead of draught, and the ceiling of the place was soon in a light blaze. About this time the her spoils. Last year, again, she saw her engines began to throw water and the

The stock in the store is all ruined, and will probably be appraised and sold, for

Etna, of Hartford, L. H. & T. C. DeRosset, Agents, \$2,000; Imperial, of London, J. A. Byrne, Agent, \$2,000; and Liverof the modest bill handed in to the Geneva pool & London & Globe, Thos. Greene, Agent%\$2,000.

tery. It broke out among a pile of goods, \$25,000 on shelves near the fire place, burning these, a window near at hand and the there was but very little fire left in the fireplace, when he closed for the night, althis way. All is, however, but specu-

Punch calls the rainbow Noah's Arc.

A bad sign-to sign another man's name

Tennyson is writing a poem on the

An Ohio mother farred and feathered

When is a clock on the stairs dancerous !

Pillows, though not belonging to the human species, come under the head of rational beings.

Morphine should never be taken to induce sleep. An overdose is too apt to

forty-five gallons of water for every mile it

Artemus Ward once said: The other night some silver-voiced young man came nuder my window, and sang, "Come where my love lies dreaming." 1 didn't go; I didn't think it would be correct.

Cape Fear Agricultural Association. WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 9. The following names were accidentally omitted in the list of the Executive Committees which were announced a few days

Col. John D. Taylor, Brunswick. W. H. Bernard, Esq., Major J. C. Winder,

Associate and Advisory Members. There are also two names from the county of Edgecombe that have not yet accepted, that will be announced as soon as Papers publishing the former list will

For the Journal. THE OLD STORY.

Bloom heather, shine summer, make golden the My breath reaches up, and sweeps out the grey With a laugh, and a prayer from the o'er-hang-

blyls and the shadows are asking me Oh ! birds and oh! shadows, as the the whate

Knew it not; why, the sun and the moon have

All this glorious gladness, this shimmer This whole divine earth so cestatically bright, It means the old story has come, don't you see-Oh! you stupid, delightful old world !- he loves

Notes at the Capitols size od

[From the Washington Patriot.]

MONDAY, Feb. 3. In the Senate the annesty bill came up at 1 o'clock. In order to ascertain the disposition of the Senate toward the more recent and more liberal bill from the House, Mr. Robertson moved to law the one on the table, with a view of taking up the other. This was lost by a vote of & against 20, every single carpet-bagger who was present ranging himself alongside of

the Radical prescriptionists.

Mr. Carpenter then offered his substitute or Mr. Sumner's civil rights amendments and stated that his amendment not only excluded claurches from its operations, but that it also applied to institutions which were supported at the public expense. He did not mention that it also, like Mr. Sumner's, applied to every inn, every licensed place of entertainment and all public con-

Georgia, spoke for the first time, and made a very favorable impression. His remarks were brief and incisive. He pointed out provisions in the Sunner amendment showing up its odious features and its un constitutionality more plainly than has vet been done. Its utter annihilation of almost all of the few rights left to the States was clearly perceived by the analysis of Mr.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Norwood mentioned that, amongst other effects, it would repeal all State laws forbidding marriages between whites and blacks. This led Messrs. Pomeroy and Wilson to promulgate their miscegenation doctrines. people left to follow their own inclinations.

Mr. Wilson, who, a town inclinations. Wilson, who, a rew weeks ago, felt in such a liberal frame of mind that he want-ed the amnesty bill passed without any amendment, now advocates his colleague amendment, which he well knows is its death blow. The fact is, this gentler has had his head turned by visions of th Vice President's chair, and between now and the meeting of the Republican Convention we may look for him on every possi ble occasion letting off his cant about and liberty and human rights.

Mr. Anthony took the occasion to give in his adhesion to Mr. Sumner's amendment with the one reservation that he would no vote to mix up the races in the churches Not that he had any objection to it. Oh, no! He thought that citl whites or blacks who objected to it were very silly, (wonder if he goes to church of that good man to come over from the Old Hall and rebuke him. Mr. Anthony liams, or of any other of those men of deathless fame who planted the seeds liberty on this continent, could be warmed into life, they would, most assuredly, long Chamber and rebuked, nay, driven, as Christ did the money changers from the temple, the plotters and conspirators who have piece by piece leveled the fair fabric

which they erected. Mr. Summer once more rushed 'buo' breach with his correspondence. read letters from the East on the question of caste, whose relevancy to the subject no one but himself could see. If Mr. Sumner will take a little advice, kindly meant, he will be warned in time; men as cultivated, as brilliant, The origin of the five is a complete mys- as he, have, by giving up their minds entirely to one idea, drifted into insanity, and really some observant people see, or imagine they see, premonitory symptoms of insanity now in the Massacusetts Senator. ceiling overhead, and badly scorching every Let him ease up a little in this negrophobia. part of the store. Mr. Lehman says that and it will be better for him, and most indoubtedly much better for the negroes.

There was quite an amusing, and at though the flames may have originated in Mr. Summer and Mr. Carpenter. The this way. All is however, but special Massachusetts Schator wanted the Wisconsin Senator to go over to the Democratic go; neither would be go for the Summer amendment, unless it was relieved of its Supmer said Independence a revolutionary pronuncia-mento. Carpenter said, "So he had, and be interpreted by the Declaration of Inde-pendence. Carpenter said that was all

and said " Pon't you deride the Declaration of Independence." Carpenter went back at him and said, "Don't you violate the Constitution." Sumuer said "Never;" Carpenter said "Never;" and then every-one else laughed, and then Carpenter laughed, and then Summer looked sterner than ever, and commenced anew piling up eulogy on the Declaration. He ended by asserting that no man was more loyal to the Constihe repeated, when Carpenter smiled incredulously. Then he sat down, with the air of a man who has vanguished all opposition, although, as upon every other day he has spoken, he did not point out one clause in the Constitution under which his bill could be justified. This closed the de-

Another Claimant for a Slice of New York City.

The Marshaltown (Iowa) Times says:
Messrs. Boardman and Woodbury will visit New York soon in the interest of Rev. heirs. If a compromise is effected Joel will soon have his \$3,000,000 puring

The registration report of Rhode Island shows that the number of births in the State during the year 1871 was 5,215, or 30 less than in 1869; the number of marriages 2,362, or 73 more than in 1869; and the number of deaths 3,238, or 144 los than in 1869. During the very there were

TELEGRAPHIC

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10. Another Nevada stage was highwaymaned

NEBRASHA

Омана, Feb. 10. Rawling's Station and have been on the road twenty-two days from Omaha. The passengers lived on crackers and cheese. They had an indignation meeting. The snow closed behind the passing trains.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10. The Investigation Committee has adjourned o Washington. A Herald special from Quebec says that the port of the treaty separation between the Dominion of Canada and Great Britain is un-

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10. advices from Matamoras have The revolutionists under Gen. Quirra, capured S. acatecas on the 30th ult., with a large

intity of stores and artillery. Trevino with 3,000 revolutionists adneed on San Louis Potosl. Gen Richa entered that city on the 29th with 600 reinforcements before Trevino could reach there. Trevino is civing reinforcements daily, and will doubt capture the city

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10. Senators who voted age are as follows: Brownlow, Clayton, Gilbert, Osborn, Rice, Spencer Norwood, Pool, Robertson, Sawyer and venson. Flanagan would have voted aye but paired with Davis. Kellogg didn't vote. Colfax, in casting the deciding vote, said at while not concurring in all the features lesence and he should, therefore, record his

vas adopted thus amended. nd several Republicans voting nay.

VIRGINIA.

It is remirried that the schooner Wake, hence a few days neo for Philadelphia, was ent

from the recent severe storm. MISSOURI. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10. Two sleeping cars on the eastern bound Misuri and Pacific train ran off the track and 20

London, Feb. 10. ard to the Alabama Claims will be received. Special dispatches from New York and Wash-

oon as received, and the bulletins are surround

WSHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10. Another Nicaragua Canal expedition is con The Senate Election committee discussed the

Gen. Ransom's case will be considered next Saturday. ate to take up the House Amnesty bill and press it to a cote clear of amendments, when its

friends feet sure it will secure the necessary two

ILLINOIS. CHICAGO, Feb. 10. A broken rail wrecked five ears on the Illinois Central railroad to-day. The conductor, Chas.

PENNSYLVANIA. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.

H. S. Evans, State Senator, is dead, thus restoring the Senate to a tie. Marcer, defaulting city treasurer, has been entenced to \$300,000 (?) fine, and five years sol-

adl konguro og ta London, Feb. 10. The steamer Electra and the ship Dehelesan Carpenter went collided in the channel to-day. The Electra foundered with the captain and seventeen per-

> The Times says, "it is morally certain that to pass and taking the advantage of it. any attempt to settle the Alabama claims before the Geneva board of arbitration will be a some knight of the razor. I had noticed a tailure. We must therefore make efforts to

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

baougga adt to New York, Feb. 10. loans increased two and seven-eighth mlllions; specie decreased two and three-quarter illions; deposits increased eight

for a Car Ride.

New York soon in the interest of Key, Joel Edwards, looking after the \$\$2,000,000 estate, which is located mostly in New York city, and was originally leased for ninetynine years, which has just expired, by Robert Edwards, the great grandfather of our friend Joel. The vast estate, equal to a principality, falls to Joel and thirty-four other heirs. It is the opinion of those acquanted with the facts in the case that it is a positive man, and resents an insult quite vehemently.—

Earnestly engaged in conversation, he handed the conductor a ticket as he came to collect the tare. The conductor did not move on. As he remained studying the city of the properties of the case that it is a positive man, and resents an insult quite vehemently.—

Earnestly engaged in conversation, he handed the conductor a ticket as he came to collect the tare. The conductor did not move on. As he remained studying the only a question of time as to its realization ticket, the doctor's attention was attracted toward the official, who seemed to be highly interested in the car ticket. He ead it, smiled, shook his head, and finally said to the doctor off sebiesd

your own tickets; I bought it this mornthan in 1869. During the very there were ag." "I guess not," said the condition of the 237 suits for divorce dispersion of the The altercation drew the attention of the

hisbuts wolfer tickets in another. In dount out and a W

A Traveler's Story.

"Is this seat engaged, sir?"

looking gentleman in the prime of life "It is not, sir." "With your permission, then, seated himself beside me.

tickets, handing back the remainder with the usual "checks." "Pardon ine," said my companion, "but

"Why do you consider it so?" I inquired, with curiosity, returning the wallet

to my pocket. "Suppose through carelessness, or we may say accident, your wallet is lost—your pocket may be picked, for instance."

"Your money and ticket are both gone. Probably you do not appreciate the manifold beauties of such a position. I do not think it possible except by experience.' "It would certainly be an undesirable situation. I can see that clearly enough.

Pardon the question naturally suggested-"Once; only once."
"How is that?" "You wish to profit by my experience? Well, I don't know that I mind telling you

the story. It may serve to amuse you, if nothing more. It occurred a number of years ago, and of no consequence. I had taken the early express train, and being somewhat tired and altogether sleepy, had stretched myself upon a seat for as comfortable a nap as circumstances would permit. I slept soundly, for I could in those days sleep well almost anywhere, and did not awaken until the conductor came for my ticket. The essential piece of pasteboard could not be found. was positive I had purchased a ticket: shown it to the baggage clerk at the time of checking my trunk.

The conductor grew impatient, passed to the other end of the car and returned to me. I had made the discovery that my pocket-book had been picked, and in proof my story showed him my baggage It was useless. If you have travelled

much you are aware that a virtuous conductor takes no man's word; in fact, all men have designs upon the company's dividends except himself. It was perfectly natural, therefore, that the faithful steward in question should say: The check is all right; but how do I know that it belongs to you? I will take

the money for your fare or stop the train and put you off, just as you choose."
What could I do? Protestations amounted to nothing, and my fellow-passengers, with the usual tendency of humanity to 'rample upon a fallen man, showed clearly by their looks and expressions they thought me a sneaking rogue, who would steal a passage if he could. They paid money,

would ever see heaven if judgment was rendered by a jury-except themselves. had about me. He said it was about fifty cents short of the usual fare to Lauderdale city, but that he would pass me through for ngton to the press here, and private telegrams it rather than stop the train. From Lauwrite to my partner for money. It would certainly be as well as to tramp ten or twelve miles back to the city I had left, and

where I should be no better off, being equally a stranger there. In due time I found myself at Lauderdale; went to the best hotel; telegraphed for money, and wrote an explanatory letter to my partner. This business attended to, I sallied out to see what sort of a place Lauderdale city might be. There was noth ing to do but amuse myself as best I could until the money should come; so I determined to make the most of my voluntary holiday. As I strolled leisurely up the

main street a newsboy darted out of a paper office, crying : " Daily Banner-extra edition-all about the murder-great accident on the Eroad," etc., etc. "Have an extra?"

I took the sheet and thrust my hand in my pocket for the money without a moment's thought. You may imagine my feelings when compelled to return that two penny bit of paper to the boy, with the muttered excuse that I had no change, and the utter contemptuous expression on the boy's face as he received it! I immediately stepped into the office of the Daily Banner and wrote a paragph of my recent mishap, taking care to make it as amusing as possible. When complete 1 handed to the clerk. He read it, laughed, and took it into the private office. back a few minutes after, he told the bookkeeper to give me fifty cents. It was not much, but more than I expected. continued my walk until I finally reached the end of the street which terminates at the S- river, here spanned by a long covered bridge. I crossed the bridge and was surprised to see upon reaching the opposite side that I would be required to pay toll. A young girl came to the door of the ftary confinement at hard labor. Terkes, asso- little office as I stepped up and inquired

> solitary shinplaster. 'O,' said she, with a smile and a slight

blush, 'we do not charge ministers anything. It was not a bad joke, but I surpressed the laugh that rose to my lips and thanking her for the consideration shown to the clergy, I turned about and retraced my steps to the hotel, not without slight twinges of conscience for allowing the mistake

pleasant little shop at no great distance

from the hotel in my walk the previous day Thinking that I should do no better by looking further, I repaired to that. There was in attendance a boy about twelve years of age, who stated that his father, the proprietor of the shop, had gone to a neighporing city, and would not return before noon. Without any hesitation I asked for the loan of a razor, and proceeded to operate on myself. While thus occupied, the customers began to present themselves, expressing great dissatisfaction on learning how it stood. Now, although I am a proud man, I am not, thank God, cursed with that species of vanity which prevents a simply because they are not genteel. Here was an opportunity afforded me to at least earn the price of my breakfast. I took advantage of it. Told the first man who en tered after I had completed shaving myself I would shave him. I did so. In fact, I did quite a brisk business for a couple of hours; and if any of the unfortunate indi viduals who came under my hand had any doubt of my fitness for the business they certainly expressed none. At the expiration of this time I began to think I had done sufficient, and feeling rather hungry, having had no breakfast, I divided the pro-"This may be all very well, but the ticket is no good on this line." "What's the reason it's no good, I should like to know?" said the testy doctor, "it's one of specimen of humanity came in. Resolved ceeds with the boy and prepared to return to my hotel. But I was not done yet. As specimen of humanity came in. Resolved that he should be the last, I went to work uplanding.

was say the least, somewhat surprised

I glanced up from the paper I was reading and met the smiling regard of a genial-

time. On, on. It was an exciting chase. Men, boys, and dogs, joined the pursuit: the cries of stop thief growing louder and increasing. What an uproar there was. Suddenly came a flash of light, sharp and yield for an instant The train had already started, and presently the conductor made his appearance collecting the tickets. Reaching us, he detached the appropriate coupons from our

and thirty dollars besides. That is all the

story."
"Not a bad speculation after all," said I, as he concluded.

railway ticket in your wallet."

A Bohemian of the most reckless type, New York city paper:
"I did not find the luxuriant cuss who tole my watch on the Bleecker street cars in Syracuse, and hearing that an awful mean-looking fellow had been seen in Rochester, I went there. The watch was one of Juggernaut's make, and I wanted it. On the way to the depot, in Syracuse, a real nice little lap-dog jumped over a fence and sprang at me. He weighed more than 310 worth of coal, at June prices, and as I gazed down his mouth, I thought of Jonah.

He remarked to me, Bow, wow, wow, and I said to him, in a pacifying way, 'Nice Teaser, pretty little Teaser; but a lady shouted, Rover, Rover—here Rover,' and he left me. Then she quietly informed me that I needn't be frightened; the dog had his dinner, and wan't hungry. "I got into the cars and took a seat in uxtaposition to a female. That female's face was a perfect insurance company for her-it insured her against ever getting married to anything but a blind man. He mouth looked like a crack in a dried lemon, and there was no more expression in he face than there is in a spinal column of a cup of cold custard. She appeared as if she ad been through one famine and had got about two-thirds through another. She was

raveling." Says she, "What ?" ent in the blue vault above."

Then I took a seat alongside of a male fellow, who looked like the ghost of Han let lengthened out. He was a stately cass Said I, "Mister, did you ever see a cam-

grass without getting down on its knees .-He said he hadn't seen a camel-leopard .-Then I said, "Do you chew?" Then I said, "How sweet is nature?" He took this for a conumdrum, and said.

Then he asked me " would I read?" Says I, "What you got?" He replied, "Watt's Hymns, Reveries by Moonlight and How to Spend the Sabbath. I said, "None of them for Hannah," but

tionary of New York I would take a little When we got to Rochester I called for a bowl of bean soup. It ought to be called bean soup. I send you the recipe for "Take a lot of water, well, and boil it until it is brown on both sides; then very carefully pour one bean mer, pour in water until it does simmer When the bean begins to get restless sweeten with salt, then put it up in airtight cans, hitch each can to a brick, and

Then he said, "Young man, look at these I told him I saw them, and when a may

Said I, "You needn't think those hairs are any sign of wisdom; it's only a sign that your system lacks iron:" and I advised bin to go home and swallow a crowbar. He took this for irony, and what little entente cordiale there was between us was spilled. It turned out that he was chaplain to a base ball club.

a failure, because he has never riz. here as the Sabbath. It is not kept wholly Remember me to the piece-makers. My first duty next morning was to seek

> "Henvy Guns"-Thunder, &c. MR. EDITOR: I noticed in the Newbern "heavy guns" in the direction of the ocean

tinuous "claps" or "peals" of thunder? They are not unfrequently very similar along the sea coast. I remember a case in point in 1845, in Texas, when the famous "Army of Occu-

pation" was assembling at Corpus Christi.

n August, of that year. The Second Dragoons, under Col. Twigg. (afterwards General) were at an early hour in the morning crossing The mouth, where, as they all thought, they heard distinct and heavy peals of artillery a light company to move forward at a rapid pace, reconnoiter, and ascertain the caus of the firing, and the strength of the Mexican forces—(as it was expected Gen. Am pudia was advancing from the Rio Grande and he knew that Gen. Taylor had but two regiments of infantry and Bragg's battery to rived on the high bluff that overlooks the plains of Corpbs Christi, the sun came out -clouds cleared away, and the firing had

At a late period, when the main ann was at Point sabel, and the real firing had Fort Brown, opposite Matacommenced

the stairs into the street. Waiting for pended.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1872.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Hillaboro' Lincolnton

enator from North Carolina, in place of Mr. Morton, to the Committee on Elections. of the carpet-bagger Abbott. That worthy as secured a majority in his favor. But

ardly be believed that the Senate will

refusing to issue writs of election. But that decide that she had been remiss in the ex-

LOCAL.

WILMINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COM-

this purpose the Directors are instructed (if in their discretion it may be deemed by the Company which were given to secent. of the capital stock; Provided, how ors, she would deserve much more justly ever, that no action under this resolution be oughly satisfied of their power to make ich assessment without violating the provisions of the charter of the Company.

vill perform the duties of the office until his successor is appointed.

flames were quickly suppressed.

account of whom it may concern It was insured for \$6,000, as follows:

INK SPOTS.

A poor spirit is poorer than a poor purse.

When you pay a visit be sure and take a

A locomotive consumes, on the average,

S. L. FREMONT.

Prof. W. J. Palmer is to revisit our State in the course of a few weeks.

Game is very plentiful at Ocracoke and in the southwestern part of Pamlico Sound.

The noblest thing on earth is the man and the conductor read: "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God in take the name of the Lord thy God i in the southwestern part of Pamlico Sound. Alexander or Hercules.

A portion of Cortinas troops are expected here night, while that chieftain will remain outside to harnss the enemy. WASHINGTON. pon Sumner's amendment the Southern West, Nay-Boreman, Blair Davis, thwaite, Hamilton, of Texas, Hill, John-

vote in the affirmative." So the amendment The amnesty bill failed, all the Democrats

through by ice and sunk on Fishing Creek shoals. Many marine disasters are apprehend-

NORFOLK, Jan. 10.

ersons hurt, none fatally. The accident was aused by a broken rail. CABLE DISPATCHES. The greatest eagerness is manifested for the to light about a dollar and eighty cents. test news from America. Everybody is any- This I told the conductor was every cent I ous to learn how the action of England in re-

to business houses, are posted on 'Change as derdale, a city of much importance, I could strain people from worshipping according to their conscience, he would expect the statue resolution, is fully reported by Cable, together resolution, is fully reported by Cable, together with extracts from editorials of the leading New

North Corolina Senatorship without action .-

LOUISTANA. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10. The Congressional Committee have concluded their investigation and will leave to-

ciated with Marcer, was fined \$500 and three how much I should pay, drawing forth my CABLE DISPATCHES.

prevent an angry recrimination. More dexte-

The New York correspondent of the Boston Journal tells the following amusing man's doing certain kinds of honest labor

preme Court, being an in the description of 52 over the passengers. "This is very good advice, the passengers. "This is very good advice, but to see him deliberately produce my own pocket-book—the one I had lost. Standing and the conductor read: "Thou shalt not on no ceremony. I snatched it from his

vivid for an instant, then utter darkness. A policeman, mistaking me for the thief. had gently tapped me upon the head, as their custom is, and with the usual result: the thief escaped, and I, the victim, was

apprehended. My appearance told heavily against me; but my story being fully coroborated by the boy at the barber-shop, I vas released. Upon examining the wallet I found my own money intact, and about one hundred

A Square is equal to TEN SOLID LINES of ad-

neither hat nor coat, I followed-the pock-

et-book in my hand. We measured of

considerable ground in a short space of

"Well, perhaps so. No, it was not; but still my advice holds good. Never place a

John on the Rail. ends his experiences, in Rochester, to

old enough to be great-grandmother to Mary that had the little lamb. She was chewing prize pop-corn, and carried in her hand yellow rose, while a band-box and a cotton umbrella nestled sweetly by her side, couldn't guess whether she was on a mis

sion of charity or going West to a saw-mill was full of curiosity to hear her speak, so "The exigencies of the times require great circumspection in a person who is

Says I, "The orb of day shines resplend-She hitched around uneasy like-ther she raised her umbrella and said, "I don't want none of your saas-git out," and I

el-leopard ?" I said camel-leopard because it is a pious animal and it never eats any

deeply interested in the history of a great "Alas!" he exclaimed, " we but few. I told him I knew one; "the man that made my cooking stove was a great man.

he didn't know." Then he said he was

if he had got an unabridged business dic

chuck them overboard, and the soup is got as old as he was, he ought to dve.

Genesee Falls are at Rochester. San Patch made his last jump there. His jump down was a success, but his jump up was a fellow that I could tell to a quart how much water fell over the falls in a year. He bet, and I said two pints to a quart. They settle coffee with cod fish skins, but they settle Rochester with men and women. The only original settler who is living died a few years ago .-Rochester is celebrated for its fine turnouts. I saw a very fine turnout to-day—a wagon upset and spilled a lot of women. Next Sunday will be very generally observed

Journal of Commerce an account of from Pamlico sound. Were not these apparent "guns" con

ceased-and it was only repeated as regular peals of thunder during the Summ

Weekly Journal and Banner of the South and Planters' Journal. 375 The money must accompany every order. Remittances may be made at our risk in drafts, postal money orders, registered letters, or by Ex-Specimen copies sent on application.

JOSEPH A. ENGELHARD,

Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Journal. WILMINGTON, N. C.: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1872.

The Legislature. This body adjourned sine die yesterday. It has been a laborious, hard-working body. In average intelligence it has been equal to the best of its predecessors. We propose, in a few days, to present a summary of its labors, from which it will be seen that it has accomplished a vast amount of useful legislation. In presenting for the consideration of the people proposed changes in their organic law, it has afforded them an opportunity of seconding the valuable efforts of their representatives to restore the State to something of its ancient prosperity and prestige.

Our Members.

We were glad to welcome home, after the labors of the session, Major C. W. Mc-CLAMMY and Captain S. A. ASHE, our Senator and Representative in the Legislature. "Well done," will surely greet them from all their constituents. We have had tion of the State, and we have always Legislature just closed. found these gentlemen in their places, fully

mington, a measure upon which home sen- whom he represented. we flud Messrs. McCLAMMY and Ashe vised to show their appreciation. taking a leading part, and especially in the Penitentiary investigation, in which such huge fraudulent transactions were unearthdreds of thousands of dollars, has the former been very influential, while the latter has introduced many reforms in levying the

of both parties, and every citizen of the State, have been well repaid for the gallant and successful campaign in New Hanover, by which these gentlemen were elected. We sincerely hope that other and higher fields of usefulness will yet be open to

Senator Ransom.

lieved that General RANSOM will be admit- ing, nor set down aught in malice."

since, that the report of the Committee in sideration of our tax-payers. his favor was ready, and nothing but the temporary absence of Senator Morron, in a lecture tour, delayed its presentation .- It does seem that if the proper effort i

Tuesday after the Legislature is officially power having a formidable navy.

Sanate had no official knowledge of his all the politicians of the State combined, to ventions, for besides the delegates to be apelection and resignation, and therefore can- secure the necessary appropriations.

some Radical to sit a few months in the in regard to its ultimate success.

Senate through the appointment of Governor CALDWELL, but it will be a heavy load for the party to carry through the canvass. In November the usurper and his compeer, John Pool, will be hurled from their places without a regret from an honest, law-abiding citizen of the State.

The Banner of the South and Planter's Journal.

This interesting and valuable Southern Weekly, published at Augusta, Ga., continues to visit our office, and we are pleased to see that it continues to improve. We will furnish one copy of the DAILY JOURNAL and one copy of the Banner of the South and Planter's Journal for nine dollars, or one copy of the WEEKLY JOURNAL and the Banner of the South and Planter's Journal for three dollars, thus giving our suscribers this valuable paper at a mere nominal price. We hope our readers will avail themselves of this very liberal

THE local Radical paper contains a cock peating his former testimony. He says: and bull story about a Conservative Senator repudiating his colleagues, and predicts the dismemberment of the party. A prominent Democratic Senator, according to that paper, when the bill fixing the Senatorial Districts came up for consideration, arose from his seat and placing his hat upon his head, left the Chamber with horrid oaths, denouncing his fellow-Senators as unworthy and corrupt. It is hardly useless for us to add that the whole story is a ridiculous falsehood, manufactured from the whole

Who having unto truth, by telling of it. Made such a sinner of his memory. To credit his our lie."

Dr. C. T. Murphy.

Upon all important questions which alive to their duties, willing and ready to claimed the attention of that body, Dr. mable Judge" the justice of letting his do all they could to promote the welfare of MURPHY took a leading part, and his voice white neighbors know how proud he is of was always heard, and his vote recorded in his Confederate honors, and how highly he Our great commercial interests, and the behalf of the best interests of the people. is appreciated by CHARLES SUMNER and rapid increase of our industrial institutions Attentive to his duties in the Senate cham- John Pool on this very account, at least and associations naturally give our imme- ber and in the committee rooms, indus- since he "has enjoyed the advantages of diate members much local business to at- trious, zealous and intelligent, he returns amnesty"; and also to let his colored feltend to of greater or less public interest. to his constituents, conscious of having low-citizens know how important and ne-With the exception of the bill to establish kept faith with them, and borne himself in cessary he regards their "equal rights," a branch of the Insane Asylum in Wil- a manner worthy of the gallant people which in these days when loyalty and com-

timent and interests conflicted, we are We desire to return the thanks of our important. Having been "once a rebel" glad to say that every measure introduced immediate people to Dr. MURPHY for the ourself, we have a fellow-feeling for our for the benefit of our immediate people, generous aid he always cheerfully extended brother in treason, and give him the adpassed the Legislature and is now a law. to our Senator, in all measures of local vantages of our circulation, so that others Those who are familiar with the history of interest to us. A native of New Hanover, may see what a good thing it is to enjoy legislation, know that this could only be while true and faithful to the county of his the "advantages of amnesty," if for no done by the close attention and industry of adoption, he did not forget that of his other reason than to win the esteem of our immediate members. Besides this, nativity. He rendered invaluable service Charles Sumner, John Pool and our " colupon all questions of great public interest, to us for which our people are only be ad- ored fellow-citizens."

A Party's Infamy.

Carolina's financial ruin-a lasting monupublish elsewhere some brief extracts from not, therefore, carry with it a character the powers conferred on the Executive the Report, giving a few established facts. for learning, integrity-nay, nor for hones-

It may hurt the sensitive feelings of that ty nor deceney either. States Senate in reference to the seat now we do not see any great necessity to keep

was done has not transpired, except that which our State has been robbed, and call they meet again next Saturday, when the names too. All we shall be paricular to do credentials of General RANSOM will be will be to "be sure we are right and then

This report tells an unvarnished tale in will drag its slow length along. Public regard to the financial history of leading opinion seems to be divided as to the final Radicals in this State. We shall frequently

to General Abbott; and others again con- cannot, with safety, again trust their affairs in the hands of these people, and we shall We take it that the delay attending the do so from their own sworn testimony. In action of the Committee is not favorable to the meantime these extracts, with others the preposterous claims of ABBOTT. It already given and those yet to be published, was semi-officially announced, a month will prove interesting subjects for the con-

There is no qustion, we suppose, about now made by the proper persons, that This fact. Evidently the more bitter parti | something substantial can be done for the sans determined to push it through before improvements in progress at the mouth the Legislature acted upon the resignation of the Cape Fear River. Now seems to be of Governor VANCE. But the continued the opportune moment. The necessity of consultation and delay in presenting the this work has become more apreport results evidently from the "sober, parent. We have good reason to know record thought" of the Committee. If that the Board of Engineers, who lately the four Senators, who were ready to pre- visited the work, were well pleased with its sent the report, now hesitate to do so, it progress, and are confident of its ultimate when the matter comes before the Senate. increased interest in it, as is manifest from If ABBOTT's claim is disposed of ad- the frequency of official investigating visits, versely, the only grounds for not admitting and the increased number of surveys the Central Executive Committee, of the General RANSOM is that the election, in ordered. And lastly, the troubles now Conservative party, to which is added a point of time, was not in accordance with threatened with England bring more prom- plan of organization for the approaching the act of Congress. The law requires, in | inently forward our indefensible condition | campaign. They are both of importance. cases of vacancy occasioned by resignation against the naval power of Great Britain. during the session of the Legislature, that It will cost less to close New Inlet than it political contest ever waged in North Carothe election shall take place on the second would to protect it in case of war with a lina. Success will depend very greatly

informed of the resignation. This was Already a bill has been introduced into ting forward of proper candidates. The But it is held by some, who desire merely half. We can do much to insure its pas- boro on the first day of May will be pregto frame an excuse to thwart the wishes of sage. We have already given it as our nant with much good or evil to the party. the people of the State, that the election of opinion, and we are more and more con- It is important, therefore, that counties VANCE was void ab initio. Consequently vinced of its correctness, that our mer- should send their very best men to that RANSOM was elected to fill an original chants can secure its adaption, if they will Convention, and where it will be impossible vacancy, and the election should have been take concerted steps to further its passage, to send delegates, carefully selected proxies held upon the second Tuesday after the and secure the assistance of their fellow, should be appointed who will attend. meeting of the Legislature, the day which merchants of the Northern cities. This To this end the several counties should is a matter affecting the commercial inter- not delay in holding primary meetings Others also hold that Governor VANCE, ests of Wilmington primarily, and our The first favorable opportunity should be not having presented his credentials, the Chamber of Commerce can do more than taken advantage of to hold county con-

not recognize a Senator elected on the Now, when all the surrounding circum- to be nominated. And we trust that local thirtieth of January, 1872, to fill the va- stances are favorable, and the season is fast and personal prejudices will be ignored in cancy occasioned by the expiration of approaching when the most efficient labor these selections. Victory will be more im-ABBOTT's term on the fourth of March, can be used upon the works, if an earnest portant to our people than indulgence effort is not made by those who can best in any personal bickerings. In a fight for These are mere quibbles, however, and promote this great improvement they should the welfare of North Carolina let us forget county during the past year were \$54,474 for they are gravely considered and furnish be held responsible for its failure; a failure personal preferences and personal dislikes. If they are gravely considered and furnish be held responsible for its failure; a failure personal preferences and personal dislikes. cause for the rejection of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is prejudiced against our people. Such action business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is prejudiced against our people. Such action business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is prejudiced against our people. Such action business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is prejudiced against our people. Such action business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is prejudiced against our people. Such action business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is sufferers. We sincerely hope that our business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is sufferers. We sincerely hope that our business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is sufferers. We sincerely hope that our business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how bitterly the Senate is sufferers. We sincerely hope that our business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how butterly the Senate is sufferers. We sincerely hope that our business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how butterly the Senate is sufferers. We sincerely hope that our business men will appreciate the imporbation of General RANSOM, it only shows how butterly the Senate is suffered to the suffered to may gratify partisan hatred, and permit tance of this matter and their responsibility disputes.

Sir, when I speak as I do, I know there re good persons in the South who sympathize with me, not merely our colored fellow-citizens, but others who are in favor of amnesty. I have in my hands a letter from a judicial character of North Carolina, himself always in the rebellion, according to his own account, "holding office during the war from the North Carolina and the Confederate States anthorities, as well as at the hands of the volunteers, from April, 861, until 1865, and being finally presi ing judge of the third corps of the army of Northern Virginia, with the rank of colonel of cavalry." This is Hon. Edward Cantwell, judge of North Carolina, and the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. Pool) assures me that he is an eminent and esti-

mable judge. What does he say under date of Wilmington, January 26, 1872? "I pray you go on and let equality before the law and general amnesty be coupled together in the same law, and not separated. It is not alone the rights of American citizens which will be consecrated by the union, but those lasting interests of the country which are of somewhat counting interests of the country which are of somewhat counting interests of the country which are of somewhat counting the country which are of somewhat counting the country which are of somewhat counting the country when the country w what equal importance, namely, peace and permanent government.

This same estimable character writes me letter which I received this morning "I beg you to stand firm in your demand that there be no amnesty without equality before the law for all. I am persuaded that nothing short of this, and nothing short of coupling them together in the same act, conjoined and inseparable, will give to either that sanction of public approval, North and South, which is necessary to make either effective. I look upon the conjunction as wise and statesmanlike and politic." Sir, this writer, once a rebel, who has enjoyed the advantages of amnesty, states

it as his solemn conviction that any mea

nust be associated with equal rights.

We are sure that the "estimable char acter," herein referred to, omits to publish in his own organ the above extract from Such stories, if uncontradicted, are so one of the hundreds of speeches made by frequently repeated, that sometimes the au- Senator SUMNER recently on civil rights, from sheer modesty. Or possibly, as the Massachusetts Senator has been so prolific in similar compliments, reading freely from the letters of every ignorant negro who chose to write to him, this recalcitrant

We would be as unjust to ourself as to "rebel" may suppose the distinguished conoccasion severaltimes, during the Winter, to that gentleman did we not notice sideration shown him was a little too much the valuable services rendered by Dr. C. T. "watered," and like the bashful and unforwith measures of importance to this sec- MURPHY, Senator from Sampson, in the tunate Totts, regarded it of "no consequence" any how. But we shall do this " eminent and esti-

pensation go hand in hand, is much more

The time has been when a Senator could not quote from a letter from a " judicial character of North Carolina " without car-The Report of the Fraud Commission rying with it the respect of our people. has been issued from the press. It is a Then a North Carolina Judge was the large and interesting volume of nearly six synonym of integrity, learning, high social tion, and its practical workings under the ing resolution, which was unanimously hundred pages. It is the record of North and legal standing. Now our Judges are control and direction of the State conven-- well, Watts, Logan, Tourgee. A "iu-

But then, "this writer, once a rebel," prides itself upon its impersonal character was not even a "judicial character," what- may be called by four members thereof, as ever weight, respect or authority, such a well as by the Central Executive Committhat Treasurer Jenking was a receiver of fact may suppose to carry with it. The stolen goods and that General Estes and Massachusetts Senator may have been ig- for the State at large, and he shall report Eppes and Sloan and the negro Hyman, norant of the deceit he was practising in to the Central Executive Committee. dubbing this recusant rebel, enjoying the CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT EXECUTIVE were guilty of conduct deserving a felon's loyal advantages of amnesty, a "judge of North Carolina," but John Pool uttered a deliberate talsehood in assuring Mr. Sum- sional District, shall constitute a Congresner that his correspondent was "an emi- sional nent and estimable judge." He knew better and therefore spoke falsely. John Pool well knew, however estimable may have been the character of this "rebel, enjoying the rection of the latter and the Central Execadvantages of amnesty," and however eminent he might have been as a judge, that his judicial learning, save and except the repu-Virginia, with the rank of colonel of cavalry," was "pent up" by the trial of petty violations of the city ordinances, and he was now and had been for a year, enjoying this "advantage of amnesty" under the

modest title of Justice of the Peace. We suppose that this "estimable character" will take early opportunity to inform Senator Summer that John Pool had paid him a compliment at the expense of truth, which he could not allow to go forth uncor-

If Mr. Sumner will consult those who were "once rebels" and who do not enjoy the "advantages of amnesty," but are making elect Lopest livelihoods by the "sweat of their faces." he will get opinions quite as disinterested and worthy of respect, if not so highly commended by John Pool.

A little common sense will do more for peace and permanent government than such shallow and worthless nensense as Mr. Summer reads from the letters of Southern negroes, and the few whites who expect to profit by their new-born zeal for the "man and brother."

State Convention-Plan of Organiza-

tion. Below we append an official letter from

We are on the eye of the most important upon the proper organization and the put-Convention which is to assemble in Greens-

pointed, candidates for the Legislature are

or indifferent. We must girdle on our armor once more to do battle for North Carolina. We have only to do our full

duty and the victory is ours: CHAMBER OF THE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE DEMOCRATIC

CONSERVATIVE PARTY. RALEIGH, Feb. 3, 1872. At a recent meeting of the Democratic Conservative members of the Legislature, the present State Executive Committee of the Democratic Conservative party were by resolution continued until the meeting of the State Convention of that party, and the Hon. D. M. Barringer was appointed in the place of the late Gov. Bragg. The State Convention will be held in the town of Greensboro', on Wednesday the

That Convention will be charged with high duties in the selection of a candidate for Governor, Attorney General, Treasurer, Auditor, Secretary of State, Superintendent of Education and Superintendent of Public Works, as also in declaring the principles and policy both State and Federal of the party, and providing for efficient organi-

zation in the approaching campaign. It is therefore very desirable and important, that every county in the State shall be represented in that Convention, and it is confiently hoped that our political friends will take immediate and efficient steps to ecure such representation.

To that end, the Central Executive Committee are instructed to suggest that county popular meetings composed of all persons opposed to radicalism, misrule and public xtravagance, be called in each county of the State, as soon as practicable, to appoint elegates to the Convention and devise ways and means to secure their atten-

In order to avoid a failure of representation, let each county meeting appoint one or more proxies, who will certainly attend the Convention.

In the meantime, every one opposed to radical misrule, without regard to past po-litical differences, is expected and cordially invited to raise his voice and exert bimself to inform the public mind, and prepare the people to stand together in the noble and patriotic struggle to uphold, maintain and administer honestly and faithfully the prin-

ciples of free constitutional government. The most effective means of informing the public mind is the Press. How impor tant therefore that it shall be properly and thoroughly directed! We feel the strongest assurances that those who conduct the Democratic Conservative press, will be active and faithful in placing before the poople such arguments and information as may e at their command, and we respectfully urge our triends to be active in extending the circulation of our newspapers as a grand help to success.

Committee is instructed to submit and suggest the annexed plan of organiza-A copy of the proceedings of county meetings, appointing delegates to the State Convention, should be sent to this Com-

J. J. LITCHFORD, Secretary. The following general rules are presented for the government of the Democratic-Conservative party, and all such persons as may co-operate with them in the State

of North Carolina: STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE: There shall be an Executive Committee for the State at large, consisting of forty-one members. Of these four shall reside in each congressional district, and nine in or near the city of Raleigh, the members residing at or near the city of Raleigh, shall be denominated, the Central Executive Com-

The Executive Committee for the State at large, shall have general control, super-

The Central Executive Committee shall any respect restrained by the last mentioned committee. A meeting of the Exe-cutive Committee for the State at large The State convention shall designate a chairman for the Executive Committee

The members of the Executive Committee for the State at large in any Congres-District Exeutive Committee, exercise the powers in such district con-ferred on the Executive Committee for the State at large, subject to the control and diutive Committee, unless in such respects as the latter may be restricted.

COUNTY COMMITTEES. Each county shall have a County Executation he acquired as "presiding judge of tive Committee, composed of members the third corps of the army of Northern taken, two from each township in the county, and the Committee shall appoint or elect a chairman, and exercise the powers in their respective counties, conferred on the Congressional District Executive Committees, subject to the ontrol and directioe of the Executive Committee for the State at large, and the Central Executive Committee, unless in such respects as the latter may be restricted. The County Executive Committee shall be designated by a county convention of the county for which the same shall be appointed.

Township EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
There shall be a Township Executive
Committee in each township in each county in the State, consisting more members, to be appointed by a town-ship convention. Such committee shall or appoint a chairman, and shall exercise in the township for which the same shall be appointed, all the powers conferred on the Executive Committee for the State at large, unless restrained in any respect by the county, congressional district, State Executive or Central Executive Committees respectively, according to their respec-

> By order of the Committee J. J. LITCHFORD, Secty.

Fruits of Radical Reconstruction W. W. Holden, late Governor of North Carolina, impeached and deposed from office, a fugitive from his native State.

Scott, Governor of South Carolina, openly accused of theft, and presented for impeachment by a convicted felon and ex-Congressman of his own party. Harrison Reed, Governor of Florida, now mpeached by a Radical Legislature for

high crimes and misdemeanors.

gia, fled from his Capital, and is a fugitive from justice for theft. Warmouth, Governor of Louisiana, ac cused by his own party of high crimes and meanors, now before a Congressiona

Rufus K. Bullock, ex-Governor of Geor-

Davis, Governor of Texas, impeached crimes and misdemeanors by a Powell Clayton, U. S. Senator and ex-Governor of Arkansas, on trial at Washington for illegal practices in securing his Wm. B. Stokes, late candidate for Gov-

ernor of Tennessee, on trial before the U. S. Court at Washington, for defrauding the

Government of bounty money.

Mr. Vernon Harcourt says the House of Commons is like an army or a pack of hounds; its behavior depends very much on those who have the conditor of #. A bill is before the Utah Legislature providing that boys of fifteen and girls of twelve

According to the report of the treasurer of Mecklenburg county, the receipts of that

may marry, with the consent of their par-

was engaged in a lively conversation with a fellow student.

From the Raleigh Sentinel. NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. EVENING SESSION.

FRIDAY, Feb. 9, 1872. Bill to amend chapter 81, section 4, laws of 1870-'71, passed its several readings Bill to empower the Judge of Probate to appoint a commission in certain cases sed its several readings. Bill granting powers to township trus-tees in Franklin township, Sampson coun-ty, passed its several readings.

Bill in relation to the jurisdiction to cer-

tain chief officers of incorporated towns and cities pased its second and third read-

Bill for the better protection of the penitentiary and for other purposes. Mr. Johnston, of Buncombe, introduced an amendment repealing the clause which which creates the office of Directors of the Penitentiary. Duties now imposed on the Board of Directors are imposed on the Board of Managers, and all powers con-ferred on said Board of Directors are 'conferred on the Board of Managers who shall March, 1872, and hold office till 1st day of January, 1873, and that said Board of Directors shall turn over all moneys, books papers and everything it may have of a public nature belonging to the affairs of the Penitentiary on said first Wednesday in

The question recurring upon the passage of the amendment resulted, yeas 43, navs 38. The bill then passed its second reading.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EVENING SESSION. FRIDAY, Feb. 9, 1872.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS. Bill for the better protection of the Penitentiary and for other purposes. The question was upon the amendment to the bill to fill vacancies in the Board of

The bill passed its third reading. On motion of Mr. Robinson, the joint esolution to adjourn was also rescinded. Bill concerning marriages, marriage settlements, and the rights of married women

were taken up.

The bill passed its third reading.

The Senate bill in relation to the public rinting was then taken up, and on motion suspend the rules, and put on third reading and passed—ayes 39, nays 25 Bill to amend sub-division 2 sec. 31, title of Code of Civil Procedure was taken up and passed its second and third readings. Resolution to appoint a special commis ion was taken up and passed.

Bill to cure certain defects in taking the robate of deeds, and the privy examinaion of femes covert passed its second and third readings.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 19, 1872. The bill to amend the act concerning representation in the Senate-37th, 38th and 30th districts was put upon its third reading.

The question was on the passage of the bill, and it passed its third reading-17 to 10, and was sent to the House. On motion of Mr. Robbins, of Rowan the rules were suspended and the bill to a room upstairs in the Raleigh National give to chief officers of cities and towns criminal jurisdiction of justices of the peace,

as taken up. The bill passed its second reading. The bill passed its third reading-13 The Senate concurred in the Hon

amendments to the marriage bill. The following bills and resolutions passed their final readings:

adopted: are hereby tendered to the President of the were being carried back and forth from ment erected over her jost credit. We dicial character of North Carolina "does be charged at all times with the exercise of Senate, and to the clerks and other officers the Treasurer's office to the bank. These and employes of this body for their arduons labors, and the uniform kindness with which they have discharged their various duties during the present session of the

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Feb. 11, 1872. Under a suspension of the rules, bill to taken up and passed its several readings. Mr. Loftin introduced a resolution of thanks to the Hon. T. J. Jarvis. Speaker of the House, which was unanimously

Bill to incorporate the Dawson Bank was on motion, laid on the table. Bill to promote immigration and facilitate the settlement of public lands in North

Carolina. Mr. Wilcox moved to lay the bill on the table. Adopted. The Penitentiary bill was put upon its third reading and passed, yeas 48, nays 21. Bill to compile the public statutes of North Carolina was taken up and passed its several readings.

Bill to amend chapter 137, laws 1867-70, under a suspension of the rules, passed several readings. Bill to amend chapter 35, laws of 1865-66, in relation to the establishment of work houses, passed its several readings.

Mr. Crawford, of Rowan, made very feeling remarks in reference to the separation of its members, which on motion of Mr. Stanford, were ordered spread upon the Journal.

SENATE.

AFTERNOON SESSION. SATURDAY, Feb. 10, 1872. The Senate met at 1p. m., Mr. Latham

in the chair. The bill in relation to deeds was re-The bill to empower Superior Con:t

Judges to appoint a commission in certain cases passed its third reading. Mr. Graham, of Alamance, submitted the report of the committee appointed to House from Craven county, to the amount re-write the constitution as proposed to be

The resolution in regard to the printing the Geological report was adopted. The Senate concurred in the amennments to the bill to amend chapter 137, laws of 1869-'70. The bill to provide for a compilation of

the public statutes passed its several readings. (Appoints Judge Battle as compiler.)
The bill to amend an act to establish Work Houses was tabled. By unanimous request of the Senate, Mr. Bregden moved to adjourn till Monday

SENATE.

in making certain repairs in the roof, &c.,

of the building, and in lightning rods. The resolution was adopted and was sent to the

MONDAY, Feb. 12, 1872. The Senate met at 10 a. m., pursuant to ljournment, Mr. Latham in the chair. introduced a resolution in regard to the Capitol- Appropriates \$500 to be expended by the keeper of the Capitol under the supervision of the Governor,

The Senate was briefly addressed by Messrs. Allen, Merrimon, Gilmer, Speed and Skinner, on the kindly relations which have existed between Senators during the entire session, each expressing his kindliest wish for the welfare and happiness of the

The hour of 12 having arrived, Mr. Latham said :

Sengtors : I am requested by the presiding officer of this body, who is and has been for some time confined to his room by severe illness, to express to you his sincere regret at being unable to meet you on the last day of the session. He is gratified to know that during a period of nearly two years nothing has occurred to mar the harmony of your proceedings.— said he was good for it, and that I need not be uneasy; that they owed him \$5,000 for your hands; and in bidding your taiswelt, he expresses the hope that a long and prosperous career may await each of you, and to enjoy it. that you may reap the rewards to which your merits so well entitle you. And now, Senators, our public labors A. I did borrow \$1,000 from Mr. Swep- her annual somnolent humbuggery.

were suspended and the resolution passed its several readings.

The hour of 12 m. having arrived, Mr. Speaker Jarvis said: Gentlemen: In accordance with the joint resolution, I hereby declare this body adjourned sine die. Fraud Commission's Report. Elegant Extracts-Rogne's Reward The Progressive Party's Pets.

MONDAY, Feb. 12, 1872. was called to order at 10

We publish the following brief extracts from the report of the Fraud Commission: JUDGE RODMAN'S TESTIMONY. About the middle of August, 1869, I went to New York, and stopped at the St. Nicholas Hotel, as I had been in habit of doing before the war. When I left home I had not the slightest idea of buying North Carolina bonds. At the St. Nich olas I met several North Carolinians, who expressed the opinion that our bonds would rise, and that something could be made by buying them and selling them after the rise. While I was considering the matter I met Mr. Swepson, who, with out any request from me, or from anybody authorized by me, offered his guarantee to Soutter & Co. for the margin on \$100,000 of our bonds for ten days. I accepted it and handed it to Soutter & Co., who bought the bonds. They held them until after the ten days had expired, whereby Mr. Swepson's guaranty became void. Afterwards they sold them on my account at a loss, which they charged to me. I have not yet had any final settlement with them.

GEN. ESTES' TESTIMONY. I paid some money to influence the action of the Convention to secure their influence in procuring the passage of certain ordinances through that body. I paid J. T. Deweese \$2,500 to be divided between himself and Bryan Laffin to secure Laffin's vote and influence on a bill providing for the issue of \$1,000,000 of bonds to the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad. G. W. Swepson told me that he had agreed to pay Dr. Sloan 15 or 20 State bonds to withdraw his (Sloan's) opposition to the passage of the bill for the benefit of the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Railroad, or for his aid in the passage of that bill, I don't remember which. Mr. Swepson offered me \$10,000 or \$12,000 of these bonds if I would withdraw an amendment to the same bill, which I had offered, and which I

refused to do. I paid the money from my own means. but the amount was afterwards placed to my credit with Soutter & Co., on their books. Whether they received compensation from other parties I do not know

HAL. HARRISON'S TESTIMONY. A. Some time in the last of 1868 or early in 1869, during the session of the Legislature of 1868-'9, I saw certain parties, to wit, Gov. Holden, Treasurer Jenkins and G. W. Swepson, and perhaps, Littlefield, in Bank, which was a private room set aside for the use of Swepson and his friends. I saw them certainly on two different occasions, and on one occasion saw Gov. Holden in the act of writing, as if in the act of signing bonds. There were State bonds in the room at the time. The same parties and in a sitting room down stairs. They no bonds to sign. I think the bonds alluded to were the bonds issued to the Western North Carolina Railroad for the rea- amnesty bill so as to omit all exceptions, son that a great number of these bonds ing hours, the bank closing at 3 p. m., the parties going into these meetings by a back or private way. On the 3d day of May, 1870, I found Horace L. Pike, formerly editor of the Standard in this city, just after supper, sitting at the desk in the banking room. He then wrote a paper which I now have, and which is attached to the deposition. It read as follows: "I hereby swear that I am knowing to the fact that W. W. Holden did in the year 1869, receive \$25, 000 in North Carolina bonds for giving his signature to be hereinafter named.' (Signed) H. L. PIKE.

D. A. JENKINS' TESTIMONY. I have had no interest in, or been engaged in any speculation in special tax bonds I did receive from G. W. Swepson and Col. Tate for themselves, and some other party who I think was Col. Pulliam, and was not present, the one-fourth of the profits in a certain speculation of which I

knew nothing then, and know nothing now, the whole profits of which was over \$2,000, as they stated. HENRY EPPE'S TESTIMONY

Some time in the early part of 1869 I went into the bank to see if I could get a small amount of money. The clerk of the bank went back into the bank and presently came out and handed me a no.e to sign for about ninety or a hundred dollars. I signed it and he gave me the money for it. Just before that time I had seen Mr. close of the labors of the House, and the Swepson and asked him if there was any chance for me to borrow any money at the bank. He said he did not know, as it was rather hard times at the bank, but to come down and see, and he reckoned they would Ku-Klux Klan. Adopted-yeas, 34; nays, let me have what I wanted. I gave no security to the note, and have not since paid it. It has never been presented. I do not

> M. W. CHURCHILL'S TESTIMONY. Q. Do you know, or have you heard that General Littlefield, at any time gave or lent money to any member of the Legis-

A. Yes; I remember of his loaning money to A. W. Stevens, member of the of \$1,000, for which he took Stevens' note. Also, he lent \$100 to J. W. Stevens, Senator from Caswell county. I think he first gave a note for it, and then took up the note by giving an order on the Treasurer on account of his per diem. I presented the order to the Treasurer, who refused to pay it, saying he had already paid up Mr. Stevens in full. I think I have yet. He also lent T. J. Harris, member of the House from Franklin, \$75. I remember that J. II. Harris, member from Wake, also got a small sum, I think about one hundred dollars.

Q. Did you receive any money from John T. Deweese? If so how much, and at what time, and what was the considera-

A. I received \$1,000. I do not exactly remember, but think it was sometime in the spring of 1869, or perhaps in the latter part of the winter of that year. It was shortly before I received the note for \$4,000 from Swepson. I understood that this was the proportion of Deweese in the purse to be made up to me in consideration of my having withdrawn my name as a candidate for Congress, and for services rendered to

R. W. HAMLET'S TESTIMONY. In April, 1869, James Sinclair, a member of the Legislature from Robeson county, gave me a draft for \$125 (which he owed me for a bar bill) on Gen. Littlefield. I transferred the draft to Mr. Blair for money which I owed him. Q. Did you or not, about the same time,

have a conversation with Mr. Sinclair as to

rompensation to be received for his influence in the Legislature? If so, state the substance thereof? A. Sometime before the adjournment the Legislature, I mentioned Mr. Sinclair's bill to him and requested payment. He said he was good for it, and that I need not

J. A. HYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

finished and the hour arrived when, by law the session is at a close, I declare the Senate of North Carolina adjourned sine die.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. fall of 1808, he gave me an order on the shall be Raleigh National Bank for \$500, which was schools. cashed by the bank, which sum was to be A message was received from the Senate used in the campaign in Warren, Granville ansmitting a resolution instructing the

keeper of the Capitol to have certain re-I also got another \$150 or \$300 from Littlefield for campaign purposes, which was not intended to be paid back. On motion of Mr. Robinson, the rules

AMNESTY AND SOCIAL EQUALITY Sumper's Amendment Adopted by the

Casting Vote of the Vice-President.

In the Senate on Friday, after the expiration of the morning hour, the general order of the day was proceeded with, the question being on the motion of Mr. Cole to amend Mr. Sumner's bill so as to prevent Chinese from becoming American cit-

After remarks by Mr. Cole and Mr. Nye in favor of the amendment, it was rejected -yeas 15, nays 34. Messrs. Boreman, Caldwell, Cole, Corbett, Cragin, Flanagan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Morton, Nye, Scott, Sherman, Spencer, West and Wilson in the

Mr. Tipton argued that the proposition of Mr. Sumner was an unjustifiable tederal interference, and was advocated on the most trivial and insufficient grounds. He wished to say something about our military administration. The invasion of State rights, the passage of unconstitutional laws and the military practice that had prevailed for several years, had no doubt led this dministration to imagine that any problem can be solved by the use of military appliances. He cited the caes of Illinois the Chicago fire, of Louisiana, and of the vas in direct violation of the Constitution.

Mr. Robinson argued against saddling amnesty with this civil rights legislation. He said it was great injustice to calumniate the whole Southern people for the acts of a few desperadoes, as was done by some Senators. It would be very unjust to rofuse any appropriation to public buildings in New York city because of the murders and robberies which were daily committee

The question was then taken on the amendment of Mr. Sumner, and resulted as follows:

Yeas.-Messrs, Ames, Anthony, Brownlow, Cameron, Chandler, Clayton, Conk-Cragin, Fenton, Ferry, of Michigan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hamlin, Harlan, Morrill, of Vermont, Morton, Osborn, Patterson, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Rice, Sherman, Spencer, Sumner, West, Wilson, Windom, and Wright-28.

Nays .- Messrs. Blair, Boreman, Carpenter, Cole, Corbett, Davis, of West Virginia, Ferry, of Connecticut, Goldthwaite, Hamilton, of Texas, Hill, Hitchcock, Johnston Kelly, Logan, Morrill, of Maine, Norwood Pool, Robertson, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Scott, Schurz, Stevenson, Stockton, Thurman, Tipton, Trumbull, and Vickers-28. Messrs. Casserly, Hamilton of Maryland.

and Bayard, who would have voted in the negative, were paired with Messrs. Caldwell, Edmunds, Flanagan and Nye, who would have voted in the affirmative. The result of the vote being a tie, the Vice-President had the casting vote. said that while not concurring in all features of the amendment as a whole, it met his acquiescence, and he would therethe amendment was adopted.

The announcement of the Vice-Presi dent's vote was received in the galleries held frequent meetings in the same room with applause, which was at once suppressed by the Vice-President, who ordergenerally met in the latter when there were ed the doorkeepers to eject all violators of half has not yet been used. Mr. Sawyer then moved to amend the

> and make amnesty universal. Debate ensued, in which Mr. Edmunds took occasion to denounce Ku-Klux. Mr. Blair said the Senator had never ut tered one word of condemnation of the thieving carpet-bag governments. His at-

tention had been called to the acts of these

carpet-bag governments over and over again, but he had never paid the least attention to it, but always confined his denunciations to the Ku-Klux. Mr. Edmunds said he did not believe in the charges made against the carpet-bag governments. But where he did see abuse n the State governments of the South, as anywhere else, he would go with Mr. Blair to the verge of their power to correct the

ties of the people of the South. Mr. Blair said he had fought for the liberties of those people.

Mr. Edmunds—But you stopped too

Mr. Blair-You never commenced: it is about time you did something. than one of serving a cause. Mr. Norwood said the Senator's (Edmunds') Governor (Bullock) had pardoned something like four hundred criminals in Georgia, seventy or eighty of them of the

Mr. Sawyer then withdrew his amend-Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, moved to mclude in the exceptions of the amnesty bill all members of the Ku-Klux Klan. Ador-

meanest, lowest nature.

the bill as amended.

ted-yeas 34, nays 16. Mr, Morton offered a further amenament prohibiting any person from receiving the enefit of amnesty until he has made oath that he has never been a member of the

Mr. Thurman said he wanted amnesty

but could not vote for the bill as it stands, remember whether it was payable to Mr. for he believed it unconstitutional. Mr. Robertson said as the friends of e just rights had em fit to couple their bill a bill requiring a two-thirds vote, he would join hands with them, and he urged now all the friends of amnesty to vote for

> Messrs. Hill, Saulsbury, Norwood and Stevenson also stated they could not vote for the bill with the unconstitutional prcvision which had been attached to it, much as they were in favor of amnesty. Mr. Summer said the bill was now ele

> against it voted against the great principle

of equal rights and the crowning measure of reconstruction. The question was then taken on the bill amended, resulting as follows: Yeas-Messrs. Ames, Anthony, Brownow, Caldwell, Cameron, Clayton, Conkling, Cragin, Fenton, Ferry, of Michigan, Flanagan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hamilton, of Texas, Hamlin, Harlan, Kellogg, Morrill, of Vermont, Morton, Osborn, Patterson, Pomeroy, Pool, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Sawyer, Sherman, Spencer, Sumner, West, Wilson, and Windom—33.

est Virginia, Goldthwaite, Hill, Johnson, Kelly, Logan, Morrill, of Maine, Norwood, Saulsbury, Scott, Stevenson, Thurman, Tipton, Trumbull, Vickers, and Wright-19. The Vice-President announced that the bill had failed, not having received the two-

Nays-Messrs: Blair, Boreman, Davis, of

The Senate then, at 7:15 P. M., adjourn-Slay-belles-the female Communists.

thirds vote required by the constitution.

1 potent-eight.

"Hard to deal with"-An old pack of What is stronger than a council of ten?

applications from thirty-five thousand office-An enterprising publisher has offere: Robert Collyer \$5,000 each to write his au

Governor Smith, of Georgia, has received

The Italian government is said to contemplate the construction of a new railroad

the remaining 125 days.

The School Law. The School Law which was ratified Feb.

ruary 7th, 1872, provides:

That two dollars shall be paid from the public school fund for each pupil that shall be taught four months in free public

The intention of the law is, that the public school fund shall be used to aid, and not wholly to maintain free schools. Any district or neighborhood, which may desire to avail itself of aid, must raise by subscription an amount which added to the aid to be received, will be sufficient to pay the salary of the teacher, and then em-

ploy the teacher. The schools of the two races are to be separate, and each race acts for itself in making up schools, building and furnishing school houses and employing teachers.

All free schools which were begun but not completed prior to the ratification of this act, may be continued until the 7th day of March, 1872, and the school committee in every case may give an order as hereto-fore in payment of the teacher's wages for the time actually taught prior to that date If the school or any part of it is taught after that date the committee shall give an order in payment of the teacher's wages only in accordance with the provisions of this act.

for two months in the same proportion. Provision is also made for sites, and paying one-half the cost of build ing or repairing and furnishing school

The school year begins January 1st and

have not been paid, or ordered to be paid up to this date. These balances altogether amount to \$69,082 47. This sum is now in the State Treasury and will be paid to the county treasurers of the counties to which it was a portioned at the times above mentioned, on or before the 7th day of March 1872. There is an additional sum in the State treasury of about thirty-five thousand dollars, (the precise amount has not yet been ascertained) to be immediately apportioned and distributed among the several counties in the State in propor

The poll taxes of the present year have also been appropriated for the school expenses of the present year. This may also be estimated at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. A property tax of six and two-thirds cents on the hundred dollars has dollars will be raised by this tax.

poll taxes are to be paid to the treasurers of the respective counties. It is not known how much of the poll taxes of 1871 have been already used for schools. It is very probable, however, that

thousand dollars have been appropriated by the present school law to aid free schools This sum is not apportioned among the several counties in the State according to the number of children, but each county

and collected in the county for school purposes. The free schools in each county are under the supervision and control of the county commissioners. The law charges them with the duty of looking after and guarding the interests of the common schools and of enforcing the school law. The school funds of a county are not distributed among the townships according

county without any regard to locality. The State aid those who will aid then The present school law was passed by the House of Representatives without dissenting vote, and by the Senate with very few dissenting votes. It may therefore be regarded as an almost ananimous endorsement of the principle of supporting free schools by taxation. The present school system, however, will be of little

and guardians. The school laws and necessary forms will be printed and distributed over the State without delay.

A STATE FOR SALE. The Weekly Gazette, Arkansas, has the following, funder the appropriate heading

" A State for Sale : " "Well, we have the fruits of the carpet bag system of taxation before us in the shape of auditor's advertisement of 'sale of lands forfeited to the State of Arkansas in consequence of non-payments of taxes due thereon,' take place on the 'second Monday in February, 1872,' published in the weekly Republican of January. Some idea of the magnitude of the taxation imposed upon the people of Arkansas by Mr. Carpet-bag ger's government in the first year of hi rule may be derived from an examination of this advertisement, re-collecting that the vated and consecrated, and whoever voted lands embraced in it are only the residuum after the collectors have sifted all that could be sold in the counties where forfeit ed for the price of taxes unpaid, and after the owners have had two years to redeem from the auditor such as they were able to

> form, 228 closely printed pages. "We have taken one page as an average of the whole. The auditor offers for sale oh that page seventy-two tracts, 15,837.27 acres, taxed for \$2,901 62, or nearly nine teen cents per acre. Taking page 3 as an average of the whole 228 pages, and we learn that, comprised in 18,418 tracts, the whole number of acres offered by the auditor of lands forfeited in 1868 is 3,662 540.94 on which the amount of taxes un paid is \$651,462 20—a sum far greater than the entire revenue of any year before 1868! We commend this statement of fig-

The monotony of the New York Heratd's " boarding advertisements is broken by the "We are a little family of three persons

living just out of Fifth avenue. We own the house we dwell in, and have twice as in the much room as we want. If we knew o year, and dampened by fogs nearly 100 of some nice people, who could appreciate cheerful, home-like home, as much unlike Dayton, Onlo, is again mystified about a boarding-house as possible, we would in it's "sleeping beauty," who, as fat and as dead-looking as ever, has now commenced see what arrangement we could make. see what arrangement we could make.
Address 'Barkis,' Herald office."

When a district is not able to maintain a free school four months, it may receive aid

ends December 31. The public school funds for the present year are: The balances of the apportionment for the years 1809, 1870-71, which

tion to the number of children. By the State constitution, and the school law of 1870-'71 and also by the present school law, at least seventy-five per cent o the entire State and county poll taxes shall be used for school purposes and for nothing

The State Auditor cannot to-day furnish an exact statement of the number of persons in the State who paid a poll tax in 1871, or the exact amount of poll taxes of that year. The estimate is that about one hundred thousand persons in the State paid a poll tax, and that the average State and county poll tax was two dellars or more The school fund arising from this source must be about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. This tax has been or is to be paid to the county treasurers of the several counties according to the provisions of the school law of 1870-'71.

also been levied on all the property and credits in the State for school expenses of the present year. About eighty thousand By the present law the property tax for school purposes and the State, and county

amounts together that about four hundred

retains exclusively the apportionments heretofore made, and all the

abuse. But that Senator had shown no to the number of children, but are to be disposition to protect the lives and liber- paid to teachers of free schools in the

> value without the aid and active co-operation of county school officers and of parents

> > ALEXANDER MCIVER. Supt. Public Instruction

redeem. "The advertisement is printed in nonpa reil type, and occupies more than sixteen pages of a sheet as large as the Weekly Go zelte. At legal (carpet-bag) rates the mere publication of it one insertion costs the State of Arkansas twelve thousand three hundred and twelve dollars! It is published also in pamphlet form. This pamphlet contains, in the same size type, in medium, octavo

ures to those who keep the carpet-baggers in their own penitentiaries."

A lovely Japanese Princess is going to Vassar. She can balance herself in a washtub on a telegraph wire in seven oriental languages.

or, on Tuesday, is roughly estimated to be

glad to know that there are well-founded mitted to his seat in the United States sons following, it is claimed that the votes

WE invite the attention of the citizens of his section to the fact that Col. A. A. Me-Koy and our young friend Edwin W. Kerr, have formed a copartnership for the pracice of law in Sampson, Bladen, Cumberand, New Hanover, Dupliu and Wayne ounties, as also in the State and Federal courts, with an office at Clinton, Col. McKoy needs no introduction at our hands. while it may be well to state that Mr. Kerr s a young gentleman of thorough ability, having lately studied under Ex-Gov. Vance, Vance was elected Senator and that Abbott

THE FIRE LAST NIGHT.-Last night, about half past 12 o'clock, a fire broke out n a brick warehouse on the wharf, between Church and Castle streets, owned by Mr. lames Darby, the sparks from which, conreved by a high wind, soon set fire to an outrage which all who do not profit by it old brick building, corner of Castle and must know it to be. Surry streets, owned by Mr. A. H. Van Bokkelen, both of which were destroyed.

The house was unoccupied and there was nothing stored in the warehouse at the ime. The loss on the former is unknown, but that on the warehouse does not probably exceed \$400 or \$500.

The wind was very high, and if the neighborhood had been thickly settled, much loss would have resulted. As it was, a frame building opposite the building owned by Mr. VanBokkelen at one time caught, but the flames were speedily suppressed.

PROF. MITCHELL. - Prof. Henry Mitchell, of the Coast Survey, and Mr. Henry Nutt. Chairman of the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce on the river and bar improvements, returned here yesterday from a two days visit to the mouth of the river. Prof. Mitchell remained last night on the cutter Seward, as the guest of Capt. Carson, and returns to Washington by this morning's train. He was sent here especially to report on the condition of the river, and the time occupied by himself and Mr. Nutt was given closely to the object of his mission. He is a gentleman of eminent ability in his profession, which has been ostered and improved by several years of official study and observation in England and on the continent of Europe.

FEES.—The fees heretofore allowed the Superior Court Clerks have been amended

| For each copy | SI | immon | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | , | | | | . 8 | 1 | 00 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------|-------|----|-----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|---|-------|---|-----|---|----|
| Execution Presentment Indictment Capias 1 Transcript to Supreme Court 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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sums over \$10,000, 1-10 of one per cent.

| Letters of Administration | 00 |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| Appointment of Guardian 1 | 00 |
| Binding an Apprentice 1 | 00 |
| Justification of Bond | 50 |
| Probate of will, in common form 1 | 00 |
| Recording a will or other writing | |
| ecessary to be recorded, for each | |

damage has been caused along the banks below, and there lodged as securely as if it to hearly the top of the counter, and at water has spread out over the country for a distance of two miles from the river banks.

DREW.—At a meeting of the above society,

President .- Alex. Sprunt. Vice do .- J. L. Keen. Treasurer .- James Deans.

Secretary.-Geo. D. Flack. Asst. do.—B. Gleaves.

Physician.—Dr. D. M. Buie.

Office of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association. WILMINGTON, Feb. 6, 1872. Notice is hereby given that there will be general assembly of both branches of the

Executive Committee, including Vice-

Presidents and other officers, at Wilmingn, February 21, 1872, at 10 A. M. The object of the meeting is the general The object of the meeting is the general meeting in the state of agriculture, mechanic arts and commercial improvement, and especially American, refo a 10 ommercial improvement, and especially

our State and country. County societies and clubs are requested

to send representatives. Respectfully,

S. L. FREMONT, President.

From the New York Tribune.

FOR THE

February 15, 1872, hich-premising that Mr. Abbott had seen a Senator, and that his party (Republican) had been beaten in the State election just held—we present in his own words, as was in a drooping condition. On Friday the Peanuts.—We report a fair week's business, "The Legislature of the State of North Carolina, on the second Tuesday of its ses-Carolina, on the second Tuesday of its session in November, 1870, held an election for Senator in Congress from March 4, 1871, buyers effering lower figures, but seliers were buying as follows:

The market was inactive with a heavy feeling, buyer figures, but seliers were buying as follows:

The market is well stocked and buyer figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of figures of the market is well stocked and buyers of the market is well stocked and buyer

each, making 48 persons present taking 1,100 barrels at a decline of 25 cents. Receivers, are being made from store in a small way, at with a few exceptions, decline to sell, feeling \$1 40 to \$1 50 per cask. "In the House of Representatives of said soundent that as soon as the present freshet] in Russsell presiding, is still in session here. It will adjourn on Saturday, after three weeks of hard labor.

The House of Representatives of Sand Legislature, on the same day, Zebulon B. Vance had 63 of the votes given, Joseph C. Abbott 32, and ten votes were cast for six other perwill not humor this confidence, because it is THE cargo carried out to New York, from this port, on the steamship Benefacvention, and there it was announced, in stock at much more case, and the market will the usual form, that Zebulon B. Vance was decline. The receipts for the past week exceed duly elected United States Senator from any week for several past, while the shipments By a private letter received by the Editor, March 4, 1871. It is admitted that, if the have been unusually small, allowing a large Manufacturing Co. Page Bone, \$48; do. do. double est night, from Washington City, we are votes for Mr. Vance were of any validity or stock to accumulate. We estimate the present stock to be over 10,000 barrels, 8,000 of which is

For the last two days the market has been in a better tone, and sales have been made which given for Mr. Vance were void and of no have regained the former prices, and the market closes quiet at \$4 for hard, and \$6 for yellow dip and virgin. The receipts for the week are

| as follows: | | | | |
|----------------|--------|--------|------|--------|
| Bbls. | Hard. | Yellow | Dip. | Virgin |
| Friday 125 | \$4 00 | \$6 00 | | \$6 00 |
| Saturday No sa | ales. | | | |
| Monday 1,100 | 3 75 | 5 75 | | 3.75 |
| Tuesday No sa | tles. | | | |
| Wednesday 400 | 3 75 | 5.75 | | 5 75 |

SPIRITS.-In this article the week's business ility to comprehend it. We know well that has been characterized with a very strong feeling, and the market is fully 5 cents higher than was not; as for any "legal aspects" that at the close of our last report. The demand for are alelged as reversing this choice, they are both speulation and Foreign shipment has been good, and the bulk of the week's business has been bought for shipment. The receipts have been very light, in fact scarcely nothing, while the shipments are large, thereby diminishing cate that error by seating Abbott; but fifty the stock considerably, the bulk of which is held by second hands. In April, 1868, as also in the same month in 1867, prices in Wilmington were about the same as now; in 1868 (April) there was no stock here at that time, and the highest figures were reached, and it seems quite certain that there will be very little more this year .-The Foreign shipments for the week have been quite heavy, and the stock now here is very

House-Mr. Beck introduced a resolution to Friday 425 casks at 75 cents per gallon Do..... Wednesday 41 Do.....100

*New York casks Julius Hans' house, with three children, was Rosin .- The market for this article has been marked with much activity during the entire past week, and upwards of 12,000 bbls have been bought for speculation and shipment. In the Marde Gras at New Orleans and Memphis earlier part of the week the market ruled quiet Wednesday, however, buyers set in, and during The Governor of Nebraska revokes the call the day bought all on the entire market that for an extra session of the Legislature called by | could be reached, and 1,000 bbls for future delivery, perfectly cleaning the whole market, and leaving no stock in receiver's hands; the Fort Scott voted almost unanimously to aid entire stock of common strained is now held the Fort Scott and Memphis Railroad. The by one firm who bought for shipment. The finer grades seem to be entirely neglected, and Eliphalic A. Bulkley, President of the Ætna during the week only one small lot found sale. The receipts continue to be light and are con-Sir Edward Thornton apprehends no serious fined to small parcels. The shipments, both trouble between England and America over | coastwise and foreign have been heavy, and the Capt. James Biggs Covington, late Deputy iness is as follows: Friday, 2,400 bbls at \$3 87% The steamer Nashville, loaded with \$175,000 | 1.765 bbls at \$3 90 for strained, and \$4 for No. 2;

Lean county, Ky., was burned by an incendiary. strained at \$4; Thursday, 922 bbls at \$4 for ever, the excitement about the Alabama claims and the treaty of Washington has decidedly checked this buoyancy, and the market has been in a drooping state; holders, however, are not willing to submit to the decline, and consequently there has been nothing doing, the marquently there has been nothing doing, the marquently there has been nothing doing, the marquently there has been nothing doing. New York The Herald's London special says that no Eng- ever, the excitement about the Alabama claims lish Cabinet continuing negotiations for a treaty, and the treaty of Washington has decidedly four hours. Therefore arbitration is ended un- been in a drooping state; holders, however, are less some mutual understanding modifying the not willing to submit to the decline, and conseand Liverpool have been very tame, and the feeling here is correspondingly drooping. The Cotton Factors, receipts by rail are very light, and by river nothing worthy of mention. The shipments coastwise exceed any previous week for several past, and the stock now here is about 4,500 bales, the greater portion of which is held by ET Liberal Advances made.

Shippers. The following sales are all that has been done during the week: Saturday, 2 bales at 21 cents, 2 do at 20% cents; 4 do at 21% cents, 28 do at 211/2 cents, and 43 do at 22 cents :

Tuesday, 40 bales at 21 1/4 cents. We quote, nominally, as follows: Ordinary......20 Good Ordinary......21

as yet, we have to report no change so far as re-gards prices. Sales being made at \$2 60, though more clearly the inestimable value of the Bit-Fertilizer on following terms: 'tis hard to effect them. The business for the ters, both as an antidote for the causes of disweek has been very light-this has been owing ease, and a specific for its consequences. The principally to the small receipts. The market miasma which generates periodic disorders, closes quiet at \$2 60 per bbl.

very light stock, with a good enquiry for small | produces ne effect whatever upon systems lots, and the market has advanced a little. We toned, strengthened and regulated by this powquote as selling in small lots as follows: 10 to 12 erful vegetable medicine, and dyspepsia, nercents for shoulders, 111/2 to 12 cents for vous debility, constitution, intermittent and sides, 12 to 12% cents hog round, and 15 remittent fevers, billiousness, and in fact nearto 18 cents for hams, as in quality. The ly all the maladies which the Bitters, if taken market is fully supplied with Western, in time, would prevent, are cured by the perand there is a good demand existing, severing use of the great remedy. which is being supplied from store as follows: SMOKED-8 to 84 cents for shoulders, 9 to 91/2 never by the barrel, keg or gallon, as is reprecents for sides, and 14 to 17 cents for hams .--DRY SALTED-64 to 7 cents, for shoulders, and 71/2 to 8 cents for sides. LARD .- North Carolina is in small stock and wanted; would bring 13 to 14 cents. Northern is in good stock and in fair enquiry-sells at 10 to 13 cents per lb. , as in

quality GRAIN .- Only one cargo arrival of 3,000 bushels since our last report, which sold on private terms, but as far as we could learn was not higher than last cargo sale, which was 731/2 cents. The receipts by rail have been much larger than previous weeks. The market is well stocked, and we have to report only a fair business doing from store at 85 to 90 cents highest figures, including sacks. - OATS-Are in good stock, and with a fair demand. Sell from store at 70 to 75 cents per bushel wholesale, and 80 to 85 cents per bushel for small lots .-PEAS-Continue to come in more freely, and dealers report a good stock, with a fair business.

Eggs-Are being brought in very sparingly for this time of season, and the demand is good. Sells for 16 2-3 to 18 cents per flozen by the

Molasses .- The market is well stocked with a fair trade, which seems to be almost entirely for the new crop. See quotations given in table IRON BANDS AND TIES FOR COTTON-The stock is fully sufficient to supply the presnt demands. Sales are being made from store at 5 to 5% cents per 1b., as in quantity and

POTATOES .- There is a fair business doing, and prices are unchanged. Sales are made at the following rates: Pink Eye \$3 75 to \$4; Goodrich \$3 65 to \$3 85; Early Rose \$3 50 to \$3 75; Jackson White \$2 75 to \$3 per bbl. Sweet come in quite freely and sell from 80 cents to \$1 per

FLOUR-By the recent heavy arrivals the market is now well stocked, and we note a fair business doing for Northern and State brands at figures given in our table of wholesale prices. SALT-The market is well stocked with all kinds, and a fair demand existing, and sales

FERTILIZERS-We report a fair business doing from store and wharf at the following rates:

Peruvian Guano, (Chincha Island.) \$75, 77@80: de, do., Guanope, \$70; Carolina Fertilizer, \$50; Ruth's Challenge Sol. Phosphate, \$60@65; Wanhate of Lime, \$60; Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate, \$60; Lister Bros. Superphosphate of Lime, \$65; Whann's Raw Bone Superphosphate, \$52; Lodi refined Poudrette, \$30; de. do. Nit. Phosphate Wilson's Superphesphate of Lime, \$60; Star So-

1,00 feet.

Hayti cargoes.. 18 00@00 00 Full cargo wide Boards...... 20 00@25 00 " " flooring boards, rough.... 22 00@23 00 Ship Stuff as per specifications..... 23 00@24 60 Deals, 3 by 9.

BARRELS-There is a g ood stock on market and at present a very light enquiry. Sells at the following figures: Second hand country \$2 10 a \$2 30 as they run, \$2 30 a \$2 40 for selected and new; New York, \$2 50 for second hand, and BEEF CATTLE .- There are very few cattle

now being brought in, though the stock in butcher's hands is at present sufficient to supply the demands. A few droves would sell on the hoof at 716 to 9 cents, as in quality. SHINGLES .- The receipts during the past week have been very heavy, as also the shipments

large. Common brings \$2 75 to \$3 25, and contract orders \$4 50 to \$6 per thousand. BEESWAX .- There is scarcely little or no demand for this article at present, and receipts find very slow sale at 30 to 32 cents per 1b. TIMBER-The freshet in the river has brought

in during the past week several rafts, which

have sold to the city mills at \$7 and \$9, as in Peterry.-Is very scarce, and the market is higher. Live turkeys bring from \$1 to \$2; dressed, 20 cents per 1b.; chickens sell at 25 to

37 16 cents: diessed, 40 to 50 cents.

HAY .- The receipts for the week are about 500 bales New York and Pennsylvania Timothy, which came to dealers, who sell at the following rates; \$1 45 to \$1 50 for New York. and \$1 65 to \$1 85 for Pennsylvania Timothy. FREIGHTS .- The port is now well filled with shipping and freights are a little lower, though there is very little produce offering shipment.

RATES OF FREIGHT.

| ARTICLES. | Pe | rS | te | am | er. | Pe | V | S | aili el. | ng |
|-----------------------------------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|----------|----|--------------|-------------|----|
| To New York. Crude Turpentine, | - | | | - 4 | | de creen | | - | | - |
| per bbl | \$0 | 00 | a | 4 | 50 | 4 | 00 | a | 8 | 60 |
| Tarper bbl. | | 00 | | | 50 | | | | 1 | · |
| Spirits Turpentine, | | | - | | | | | | | |
| per bbl | 0 | 00 | a | 1 | 25 | | 60 | a | | 90 |
| Rosin per bbl. | | 00 | a | | 50 | | 00 | a | | 60 |
| Cotton per bale | 1 | 25 | a | 2 | 50 | | 00 | a | 2 | 00 |
| Cotton Goods, " | 0 | 00 | a | 1 | 00 | | 00 | 24 | | 75 |
| Flaxseedper bush. | | 00 | a | | 15 | | 00 | a | | 15 |
| Peanuts " | | 00 | a | | - 6 | | 08 | \mathbf{a} | | 10 |
| TO PHILADELPHIA. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Crude Turpentine, | | | | | | | | | | |
| per bbl | | 00 | | | 60 | | 00 | | | 60 |
| Tarper bbl. | | 00 | a | | 60 | | 00 | \mathbf{a} | | 60 |
| Spirits Turpentine, | | | | | | | | | | |
| per bbl | | 00 | | 1 | 00 | | 00 | | | 00 |
| Rosinper bbl | | 00 | | | 60 | | 00 | | | 60 |
| Cottonper bale | 0 | | | | | - | 00 | | | 00 |
| Cotton Goods " | 0 | 00 | | | 70 | 0 | 60 | | 0 | 75 |
| Peanutsper bush. | | 00 | | | 10 | - | 00 | | 0 | 12 |
| Lumber | 0 | 00 | a | 8 | 00 | 0 | 00 | a | 8 | 00 |

Lean county, Ky., was burned by an incendiary.

Loss, 60,000 pounds tobacco. The supposed incendiary was lynched by masked men and found dead under the foot of a tree.

Peter G. Washington, Assistant Secretary of Peter G. Washington, Peter G. Washi Crude Turpentine,

Guard Your Health and Life. How inconsistent is human nature. Men carry revolvers to protect themselves against ruffians in well-polished cities, where the precaution is unnecessary, often neglect to fortify their systems against . isease in the most unhealthy seasons. Thousands of dyspeptics and other invalids are now languishing in sick rooms, or

feebly and listlessly moving through ouf streets. who owe their forlern condition solely to a want of common prudence. Far more inimical than the roughs and rowdies, against whose possible attacks the timid arm themselves, are the morbid elements that pervade the atmosphere at this time of the year, and yet although it is an underied and underiable fast that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters afford a more perfect protection against these causes of disease, than any weapon of offence can afford against lawless

guard within their reach. Every day, however, the number of these rheumatism, liver complaint, irregularity of PROVISIONS .- BACON .- North Carolina is in the bowels and other physical disturbances, The genuine Bisters sold in bottles only, and

> sented by some unprincipled dealers. Old Prejudices are Dying Out. New facts are killing them. The idea that invalids weakened by disease can be relieved by prostrating them with destructive drugs, is no longer entertained except by monomaniacs. Ever since the introduction of Dr. Walker's Vinegan Bitters it has been obvious that their regulating and invigorating properties are allregulating and invigorating properties are all-sufficient for the cure of chronic indigestion, rheumatism, constipation, diarrhea nervous affections, and malarious fevers, and they are now the standard remedy for these complaints in every section of the Union. [feb 10-4w

The World does not Contain a cinal preparatios which has obtained a more wide-spread and deserved popularity than the wide-spread and deserved popularity than the MENICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. Since its introduction to public notice, more than twenty years ago, it has been constantly used for every kind of disease or injury to man or beast which can be affected by a local application and so far as its proprietors are aware, it has not failed in a single instance. After solong and successful a term of probation, who will have the hardibout to deny its preceningent claims to hardihood to deny its pre-eminent claims to popular esteem. 119-d1weod&wit

Dank of New Hanover. CAPITAL, \$150,000.

I. B. GRAINGER President

C. M. STEDMAN Vice-President ISAAC BATES..... Teller This Bank is now open for the transaction of Exchange for sale at par on New York, Balti-more &c., &c. Deposits received. Sells Ex-thange in sums to suit on Great 'Britain, Ire-land, Germany, France, &c.

Gives all the Advantages of a Sav-ings Bank, by issuing certificates of deposit, bearing interest, and payable after fifteen days DIRECTORS: I. B. Grainger, D. R. Murchison (of Williams & Murchison), G. R. French (of G. R. French & Son), C. M. Stedman (of Wright & Stedman), H. Vollers (of Adrian & Vollers), J. W. Hinson (of Sprunt & Hinson), Jas. A. Leak (of Wadesbore)

From the subscriber on Saturday, 27th Janudelivering her to me in Wilmington.

BRITISH

any justice of the peace, or of any other officer any justice of the peace, or of any other officer for the time being authorized by iaw, in the place in which the declarant is, to administer an oath for any judicial or other legal purpose.

10 00@25 00

11 00 00@25 00

12 00@23 00

23 00@24 05

20 00@22 00

20 00@22 00

AND WHEREAS, such convention was entered into by Her Majesty with the United States of America, on the 13th of May. 1870, the ration of the peace, or of any other officer in the Diplomatic or Consular service of Her Majesty."

AND WHEREAS, such convention was entered into by Her Majesty with the United States of America, on the 13th of May. 1870, the ration of the peace, or of any other officer for the time being authorized by iaw, in the place in which were a section.

the form hereunto appended, and designated as

Annex A.

"Such renunciation by an original citizen of the United States of British nationality shall within the territories and jurisdiction of the United States, be made in duplicate, in the presence of any Court authorized by law for the time being to admit aliens to naturalization, or before the Clerk or Prothonotary of any such Court: if the declarant be beyond the territories of the United States, it shall be made in duplicate, before any Diplomatic or Consular officer of the United States. One of such duplicates shall remain of record in the custody of the Court or officer in whose presence it was made; the other shall be, without delay, transmitted to the Department of State. mitted to the Department of State

(Signed)
Made and subscribed before me, in (insert country or other subdivision, an State, province, colony, legation or consulate, this — day of — , 187—.

to all British subjects within the States of North and South Carolina, who have become naturalized within the United States, and who desiret resume their allegiance as British subjects, to make the declaration in the form prescribed before the 12th May, 1872.

Although the Supplemental Convention of the 23d of February last only requires that American clitzens who have been naturalized as British subjects shall make the Declaration of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording and Declaration of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording and Declaration of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording and Declaration of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording and Declaration of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording and Declaration of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording and Declaration of Renunciation of Renunciation of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording Renunciation of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording Renunciation of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording Renunciation and Declaration of Renunciation of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording Renunciation of Renunciation before a United States Court of Lording Renunciation of Renunciation and Declaration of Renunciation o NOW THEREFORE NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN has only to be properly shown to be appreciated by all business men. Price \$2.25 and upward. Address P. GARRETT & CO., Philadelphiai Pa. AGENTS WANTED.

Justice, or Diplomatic or Consular officer of the United States, yet it is necessary, to meet the requirements of the British Act of Parliament, that the Declaration shall also be made before one of the British Judicial, Diplomatic or Consular officers mentioned in the 3d Section.

No Fee will be levied for receiving these Declarations.

H. P. WALKER,
H. B. M. Consul for North and South Carolin British Consulate. STATE
PRISON
LIFE.
BY ONE WHO Agents wanted. 48
HAS BEEN
THERE.
Sample Engravings,
C. F. VENT, Publisher, Cin., O., and 58 Murgary States.

BRITISH CONSULATE, }
CHARLESTON, December, 1871. }
Apply also to ALEX. SPRUNT,
British Vice Consul,
Wilmington, N. C.
jan 2 81-2&16-feb6&21-march6&21ch

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IN HOGSHEADS.

SUPER-PROSPHATE OF LIME

BONE MANURE

\$55 PER TON CASH, " Payable November 1st, OR FOR

400 LBS. COTTON, delicered in Wilmington by 1st November. O. G. PARSLEY & CO. 91-d2mSun, Tues, Fri, &w2m

A. McKOY AND E. W. KERR,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

will receive prompt personal attention

\$375 A MONTH to sell our Universal Cement, Combination Tunnel, Button Hole Cutter, and other articles. SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me.

etc., have a universal sale. No risk!! Large profits!! HAASIS & LUBRECHT Empire Map and Chart Establishment, 107 Liberty St., New York

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with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 24 Fultonville, N. Y. PSYCHOLOGIC Fascination or Soul Charming, 400 pages by Herbert Hamilton, B. A. How to use this power (which ill possess) at will. Divination, Spiritualism

explanatory of the Scriptures. In English and German. WM. FLINT & CO., Philadelphia,

We desire to engage a few more Agents to sel the World Renowned IMPROVED BUCKEYE SEWING MACHINE, at a liberal salary on Commission. A Thoise and Wagon given Agents. Full Particulars furnished on application. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Geheral Agents, Cleveland. 4 and St. Le Missour. MEN'S KIP BOOTS,

BOY'S KIP BOOTS.
BOY'S KIP BOOTS.
YOUTH'S KIP BOOTS,
YOUTH'S KIP BOOTS,
A. L. PRICE'S

Naturalization Notice. Whereas, by the 3d Section of the Naturalization Act 1870 (33 Viet. cap. 14) it is provided that "where Her Majesty has entered into a convention with any foreign State to the effect that the subjects or eitizens of that State who have been naturalized as British subjects, may direct themselves of their status as such subdivest themselves of their status as such subjects, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by
Order in Council, to declare that such convention has been entered into by Her Majesty; and
from and after the date of such Order in Council, any person being originally a subject or citzen of the State referred to in such Order, who
has been naturalized as a British subject, may,
within such limit of time as may be provided in
the convention, make a declaration of allen-

tion signed at Washington on 23d February, 1871, the ratifications whereof were exchanged on the 4th May, 1871, AFTER RECITING that by the second article of the said first convention it had been stipulated that the MANNER, in which the renunciation by subjects and citizens of the contracting perties who had emigrated or might emigrate from the dominions of one to those of the other party, of their naturalization and the resumption of their native allegiance, might be made and publicly declared, should be agreed upon by the Governments of the respective countries: It was, by Article 1, Agreed, as follows, viz: That any person being originally a citizen of the United States who had previously to May 13, 1870, been naturalized as a British subject, may at any time before August 10, 1872, and any British subject, who, at the date first aforesaid, had been naturalized as a citizen within the United States, may, at any time before May 12, 1872, publicly declare his renunciation of such naturalization by subscribing an instrument in writing, substantially in the form hereunto appended, and designated as

"Such renunciation, if declared by an original "Such renunciation, if declared by an original British subject, of his acquired nationality as a citizen of the United States, shall, if the declarant be in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, be made in duplicate, in the presence of a Justice of the Peace; if elsewhere, if Her Britannic Majesty's dominions, in triplicate in the presence of any Justice of the Peace, or of any other officer for the time being authorized by law, in the place in which the declara

or any other officer for the time being authorized by law, in the place in which the declaration is, to administer an oath for any judicialst other legal purpose; if out of Her Majesty's dominions, in triplicate, in the presence of any officer in the Diplomatic or Consular Service of the Majestry."

my desire to resume my nationality as a citizen of the United States (or British subject).

(Signed) E. F., Justice of the Peace (or other title.")

Renunciation before a United States Court of Justice, or Diplomatic or Consular officer of the

50 TONS ROCKPORT LIME,

For sale CHEAP by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO. 98-d1mWed, Fri, Sat&w1m

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ticipations founded on its great reputation. According to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris, it possesses the Most Powerful Tonic properties known to MATERIA

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y.,
Sole Agents for the U. S.
Price \$1 per bottle. Send for Circular. 4w

Y., for it.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their

Wonderful Curative Effects.

Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey,

Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doc-

tored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste.

called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers, '&c.,

that lead the tippler on to drupkenness and rain,

but are a true Medicine, made from the Native

Roots and Herbs of California, free from all

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A

Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carry

ng off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood

to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long

unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed

organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

by mineral poison or other means, and the vital

as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit

of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Conges-

tion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether

in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bit-

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rhen-

matism and Gout, Dyspepsia or In-digestion, Bilions, Remittent and

Intermittent Fevers. Diseases of the

Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder,

these Bitters have been most successful. Suc

which is generally produced by derangen

Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood,

the Digestive Organs.
DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION,

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of

the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilions

Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of

the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and

a hundred other painful symptoms are the off-

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the

torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of

unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all im-

purities, and imparting new life and vigor to th

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter,

Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Sca'd Head, Sore

Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its

impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples

Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it

obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when.

Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system

PIN. TAPE, and other WORMS, urking

in the system of so many thousands, are effectually

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

\$500 REWARD is offered by

the proprietor of Dr. Sage Catarrh Remedy for a case of "Cold in Head," Catarrh of

Ozena, which he cannot cure Sold by Druggists at 50 cts.

Alcoholic Stimulants.

ters have no equal.

springs of Dyspepsia.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Faucy

WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

WILMINGTON, N. C. Liberal advances made on consignments of COTTON and NAVAL STORES, either

for sale here or for shipment to MURCHISON & CO., New York. We offer AT LOW PRICES

600 BBLS. CITY MESS PORK-full weight, 100 BOXES D. S. SIDES,

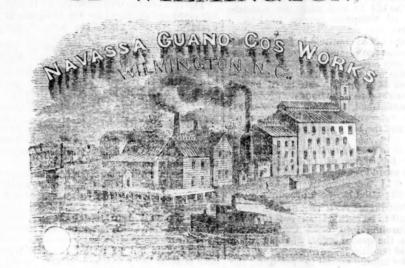
30 HHDS. SMOKED SIDES AND SHOULDERS, 1,000 BBLS. FLOUR—all grade 5,000 BUSHELS WHITE CORN,

500 BALES HAY, 150 BBLS. REFINED SUGARS, 200 BAGS COFFEE.

5.000 SACKS SALT. 50 TONS NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO. 200 ROLLSBAGGING,

40 TONS COTTON TIES, &c., &c. dec 15th, 1871.

NAVASSA GUANO OF WILMINGTON.



MANUFACTURERS OF THE POPULAR

"SOLUBLE NAVASSA GUANO."

Which has established a reputation as a Standard Fertilizer. "NAVASSA TOBACCO FERTILIZER,"

Rich in Ammonia and Alkaline Salts. "DISSOLVED PHOSPHATE,"

Prepared especially for composting with Cotton Seed.

FOR SALE BY OUR AGENTS THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH. ED R. R. BRIDGERS, President. C. L. GRAFFLIN,

YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH A BAD BREATH.—It annoys your friends as well as yourself. You would like to get rid of it, but scarcely know what means to adopt. We will tell you, use the fragrant Sozodont; it will cleanse and beautify your teeth and leave your breath pure.

BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVOR-ing Extracts.—Lemon, Vanilla, &c. Charge your servants and dealers and observe that they do not substitute in their stead any of the per-nicious unpalatable extracts with which the market is flooded. Burnett's Standard Flavor-ing Extracts are established as the strongest, wrest and the best made. purest and the best made. THE TERRIFIC DUEL between Prus sia and France is over, but thousands of bat-tles between Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS and Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are now going on in every State of the Union. The issue of such contests is never for one moment in doubt. The conflict may last longer in some

cases than in others, but the leading Vegetable tonic and alterative of the nineteenth century invariably triumphs. TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CAT-TLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are TLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders at warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots; Cough Hide-bound, Colds, &c., in horses, and cold Coughs, loss of milk, black tongue, horn ditemper, &c., in Cattle. Price twenty-fivents. Depot 10 Park Place, New York.

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Agents also wanted for Chicago and the Great Conflagration by Colbert & Chamberlin, Editors Chicago Tribune. 528 octavo pages. Fully illustrated. 30,000 SOLD. Address as above, or J. S. Goodman, Chicago, or Edward F. Hovey, Boston, or Fred. M. Smith, Auburn, N. Y., or Walton & Co., Indianapolis, Ind. 4w leading Physicians and the President of t New York Board of Health, as the most we New York Board of Health, as the most won-derful Healing compound ever known. Give-instant relief to burns, cures all kinds of sores cuts and wounds; and a most invaluable salve for all purposes. Sold everywhere at 25 cents John F. Henry, sole Proprieter, 8 College Place

Wells' Carbolic Tablets. SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sicker and poisonous properties, discovered by Di Bigelow, Professor of Botany, Detroit Medica College. A most perfect anodyne and soothin opiate. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

For Coughs, Colds and Hoarseness.
These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form, for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG Diseases. HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the Throat are immediately relieved, and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of Throat difficulties of years' standing. CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE is the safest and best. It corrects the bad effects inferior dyes, while the black or brown tints produces are identical to nature. Factory Maiden Lane, New York. PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL-Safest and be

siluminating Oil ever made. Does not take fire or explode, if the lamp is upset or broken. Over 150,000 familios continue to use it, and no accidents of any description have occurred from it. Oil House of Charles Pratt, established 1770, New York. THE PUREST and Sweetest Cod Liv

er 011 in the world is Hazard & Caswell's made on the sea-shore, from fresh selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New Yotk. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients whave once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market. JOUVIN'S Inodorous Kid Glove

Cleaner restores soiled gloves equal to new. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Deal-ers. Price 25 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York. RISLEY'S PHILOTOKEN is an established warranted remedy for Painful Men lished, warranted remedy for Painful Men struction; and equally efficient as a Nervou Antidote in all cases of Nervous Excitement

Stomach and Sleeplessness in male or female Sold everywhere for \$1 a bottle. Morgan & Risley, Druggists, New York, General Agents A YOUTHFUL APPEARANCE and Beautiful, Clear Complexion is the desire of everybody. This effect is produced by using G W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth," a harmless beautifier of the skin. Will remove all Discolora tion, Tan Freckles and Sunburns. The use of this delightful toilet preparation cannot be detected. For sale by all Druggists and Fanc Goods Dealers, Depot 5 Gold St., New Yosk.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SY-RUP.—It relieves the little sufferer from pain, cures Wind, Colic, Regulates the Stomach and Bowels, Corrects Acidity, and during the pro-cess of teething it is invaluable. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify feb 1, 1872 107-deodly & wlych

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world. Perfectly Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. No disappointment. No Ridiculous Tints or Unpleasant Odor. The genuine W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces IMMEDIATELY a splendid Black or Natural Brown. Does not Stain the Skin, but leaves the Hair Clean, Soft and Beautiful. The only safe and Perfect Dye. Sol. by all Draggies. Sold by all Druggists. Factory 16 Bond Street New York.

On Marriage. Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Seminal emissions cured. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION No. 2 South Night St., Philadelphia

TION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia

Indisposition to exercise, difficulty of think-ing or reasoning, or concentrating the mind upon any subject, lassitude, lack of ambition

ticipations founded on its great reputation. According to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris, it possesses the Most Powerful Tonic properties known to MATERIA MEDICA.

Dr. Wells' Extract of JURIUBE BA
is a perfect remedy for all diseases of the BLOOD, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, GLAN.
DULOUS TUMORS, DROPSY, SCROFULA, INTERNAL ABSCESSES, and will remove all obstructions of the LIVER, SPILLY INSULTATION OF THE STREET CONTROL ON THE STREET CONTROL OF THE STREET CONTROL OF THE STREET CONTROL



THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER Possessing Dowerful invigorating PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK These Bitters are positively invaluable in

ALLSKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS They purify the system, and will cure DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY. Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, NERVOUS DI SEASES LIVER COMPLAINT

DI SEASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER . All yield to their powerful efficacy. ARE GOOD FORTHE MENTAL ORGANIZATION Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS Will save days of suffering to the sick, and CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE The grand Panacca for all the ills of life. TRY ONE BOTTLE PHYSICIANS THERE PRESCRIBE IT IN BITTERS FEMALE COMPLAINTS

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

In Young or Old, Married

PRACTICE



MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT Piano Fortes.

WORKMANSHIP AND DURABILITY All our Square Pianes have our new in ed overstrung scale and the Agraffe Treble.

***P We would call especial attention to our late patented improvements in Grand Planos and Square Grands, found in no other Plano, which bring the Plano nearer perfection that has yet been attained. EVERY PIANO FULLY WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS. We are by special arrangement enabled to furnish Parlor Organs and Melodeons of the most celebrated makers, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest factory prices.

Illustrated Catalogues and price lists promptly furnished on application to furnished on application to WM. KNABE & CO., Baltimore, Md.,

to P. Heinsberger, Sole Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
oct 14 13—demeod&weh

AUGUSTA, November 8, 1869. Dr. W. H. Tutt:

Dear Sir—That you deserve the thanks of the public for the introduction of your Vegetable Liver Pills, no one who has ever taken them will deny. I consider them a blessing to suffer-

HAND-MADE BOOTS,

A. L. PRICE'S Live Boot and Shoe Stor Corner Front and Market St.

not sure of our ability to do so, in view of the admitted facts, as they are set forth by

resulting as follows:

smself in his case now before us, and

Mr. Abbott's Case. Mr. Joseph C. Abbott, claimant of a seat in the U.S. Senate as Senator-elect from North Carolina, sends us his case, and asks us to consider its legal aspects. We are

Tim being present, Zebulon B. Vance resoon as the present stock should become worked made to the retail trade at 95 cents to \$1 per heavy built. A liberal reward will be paid on ceived 32 of the votes given, and Joseph off that prices would hold their own. On Mon-C. Abbott received 11 votes, and five votes day, however, buyers showed no disposition to Lime.—The demand for this article continues Were given for others, receiving one vote vield, and holders gave way, selling upwards of good, and the market is well supplied. Sales

effect, under the facts hereinafter set forth, such announcement of his election was held by distillers, and 2,000 by receivers. that General Ransom will be ad- legal and proper; but, because of the rea-

> effect, and that General Abbott was lawfully elected Senator.' Of course Mr. Abbott proceeds to argue that Vance, being a proscribed rebel, the votes cast for him ought not to count, though the men who cast them still serve to make up a quorum, thus enabling the lean minority to elect a Senator. As a striking illustration of the natural and almost necessary results of proscription and its irreconcilable antagonism to the central idea of popular government, we rather admire this; for any other purpose we cannot value and be fairly charged with inato our mind simply detestable. The Senate has committed a blunder that has the effect of a crime, in forcing Gov. Vance to resign the seat; it may proceed if it will to dupli-

Senates could not make this other than the

TELEGRAPHIC. WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, Feb. 14. SENATE-This body is discussing a resolution

calling for information regarding the sale of public arms to France. enquire what had become of the navy. Objected Saturday 150 to on the account of Mr. Schofield's absence. The Committee of Ways and Means reported | Monday 375 a bill abolishing the tariff on tea and coffee | Tuesday # 10

Referred to the Committee of the Whole. MISCELLANEOUS. The reform ticket has been successful in Richmond county, New York.

burned in Winona, Minn. There are nine and a quarter million bushels of wheat in store and afloat at Chicago. has been unprecedently successful. No dis- and last week's quotations were unchanged .-

the Speaker of the Senate during the Governor's absence. road will be narrow gauge.

Life Insurance Company, is dead, aged 69.

U.S. Marshal, has been arrested. worth of freight for New Orleans, was sunk by Monday, no sales; Tuesday, 193 bbls at \$3 90 for

as the case now stands, could hold office twentypoint at issue is attained.

TICK & MEBANE,

General Commission Merchants. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bagging and Ties on hand for sale.

| Wilmington Whole | esale Prices Current |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Beeswax per lb 30 a 31 | Lime 0 00 a 0 00 |
| Barrels, Spts T, each. | (from store) |
| 2d hand2 25 a 2 50 | |
| New 275 a 3 00 | Rocklando oo a 150 |
| Candles, per lb., | Molasses, per gallon, |
| Tallow18 a 20 | Cuba, hhds00 a 00 |
| Adamantine.15 a 16 | do bbls00 a 00 |
| Sperm50 a 55 | Sugar house22 a 23 |
| Coffee, per lb., | do bbls25 a 27 |
| Java30 a 35 | |
| Laguayra26 a 30 | |
| Rio 23 % a 26 | |
| St. Domingo.25 a 28 | Turpentine per 280 lbs |
| Cotton, per lb., | Virgin new0 00 a 6 00 |
| Ord to Midl'g20 a 22 | Yellow dip.0 00 a 6 00 |
| Strict Midl. 00 a 22 | Hard0 00 a 4 00 |
| Cottton Bagging, | Tar per bblo 00 a 2 60 |
| Gunny00 a 00 | Tar in ord'r0 00 a 275 |
| Dundee18 a 18 | Pitch, City2 75 a 3 00 |
| Flax 19 ½ a 20 | Rosin, pale7 00 a 9 00 do No 1.5 50 a 6 50 |
| Double Ancris, a 19 | do No 1.5 50 a 6 50 |
| Rope per lb. 7 a 10 | do No 2.4 10 a 4 121/4 |
| Corn Meal, | 00 10 00 00 00 1 4 00 |
| per bushel.0 95 a 1 00 | Spirits turpentine, |
| Domestics, | per gal00 a 80 |
| Sheeting. | Nails, per lb-, |
| per yard 11 a 12 | Cut 51/2 a 61/4 |
| Yarn, per 5 lb, 145 a 1. | |
| Feathers, | Sperm0 00 a 3 00 |
| per lb65 a 90 | Linseed1 40 a 1 50 |
| Fish, per bbl., | Machinery175 a 200 |
| Mackerel, | Keorosene. 28 a 30 |
| No. 128 00 a30 00 | Pea Nuts.1 25 a 2 19 |
| No. 2 13 00 a15 00 | Potatoes, |
| N'0 9 00 00 000 00 | Sweet 75 a co |

No. 3....00 00 a00 00 Sweet..... 75 a 80 Mullets... 5 50 a 9 00 Irish, bbl. 2 75 a 3 00 Middlings...12 a 12½
5 Shoulders... 9½ a 10
Hog round...12 a 12½
Western Bacon. Pry Cod.. 9 a 10 l. Flour, per bbl, North'n (Smoked.) Family... 5 75 at 10 09
Fine..... 5 75 a 6 60
Ex Super 7 25 a 7 75
North Carolina,
Family... 8 25 a 11 50
Superime 7 50 a 8 60
Glue, per lb 16 a 20
Gunny Bags 25 a 28
Shoulders... 7 ½ a 8
Shoulders... 6½ a 7
Lard, N. C. 12½ a 13
do Northern 10 a 13
Butter, N. C. 90 a 30 do Northern.30 a 55 Per ton . . 00 00 a80 00 Per ton. .00 00 a80 00
Grain, per bushel,
Coru. ... 80 a 95
Oats. ... 75 a 80
Pess, Cowl 10 a 1 15
Rice, 8½ a 09
Carolina. 8½ a 9
Hides, per 1b.,
Green. ... 6½ a 7
Dry. ... 14 a 15
Hay, per 100 lbs.,
Eastern 0 00 a 0 00

Romhold Pork, Northern. 30 a 55
Cheese. 15 a 16
City Mess16 00 a 16 50
Rump. ... 13 00 a 14 00
Salt, Alum, per bag 2 bush. 15 0 a 2 00
Liverpool, sack, ground cargo. ... 130 a 135
From store. 1 30 a 135
From store. 1 30 a 135

Hay, per 100 lbs., Eastern...0 00 a 0 00 Northern, 1 75 a 2 00 Sugar, per lb., Sugar, per lb., the approval of the general premium list which will be submitted for the next Annual Farr.

Members of the Association and others friendly to the objects it has in view, are requested to meet with us and exchange views and opinions, and thus aid in the general improvement and developement of bur state and country.

American, sheer. ... 9 a 10 Scoap, per 1b., Northern. ... 5 a 7 per top. .000 00a105 00 Shingles, per M., Ommon. .2 25 a 2 75 Staves, per M., E.R. ... 200 a 300 Gim. ... 400 a 7 00 Brandy .4 00 a 7 00 Brandy .4 00 a 9 00 Timber, per M., Shipping .12 00 a 15 00 American,

Brandy. . 4 00 a 9 00 do Apple, 1 50 a 9 00 do Peach. 2 25 a 3 50 Lumber, (River,)
Fl'r Bds. 15 00 a17 00 Wildedo. . 12 00 a14 00 Scantling 10 00 a12 00 Tallow, 1b 11 a 12 REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKETS,

WEEK ENDING THURSDAY.

market held up, and receipts sold at unchanged | with good receipts and quick sales. The ship-"A vote being had in the Seuate, a quo- not willing to accept, feeling confident that as with a small demand for jobbing lots. Sales are ary, one dark brindle colored COW, rather

Thursday No sales. is subject to a deduction of 1-5.

NOTE-Virgin when found to be hard or trashy

light. The market closes firm with an upward feeling at 80 cents. The market has shown the following movement during the week:

Thursday 50

stock has been much reduced. The week's busto \$3 90 for strained, and \$8 for Pale; Saturday, strained, and \$9 for window glass! Wednesday, The tobacco factory of Ayer & Bro., in Mc- 120 bbls strained at \$3 90, and 7,042 bbls Crude Turpentine

> TAR .- Has been in good demand for shipment during the better part of the week, and all receipts have been taken by buyers for that pur- violence, the reckless and inconsiderate conpose. The receipts have been very small, and tinue to brave the danger with a positive safethe stock here has been decreased by shipment. For the last two or three days the market has been dull, with a downward tendency, although | martyrs to their own want of forecast diminas yet, we have to report no change so far as re- ishes. Each succeeding season demonstrates

Cow bring from \$1 15 to \$1 25 as in quality.

refined Pondrette, \$30; do. do. Nit. Phosphate
Lime, \$60; Berger & Butt's Superphosphate, \$60;
Wilson's Superphosphate of Lime, \$68; Star So.

Wilson's Superphosphate of Lime, \$68; Star So.

Wilson's Superphesphate of Lime, \$60; Star Soluble Phosphate, \$52; Compound Acid Phosphate State to which he originally belonged as aforestate to which he originally be made as a norestate to which he originally be made as
2,000 bs.

LUMBER.—The City Mills are doing a fair
business, and selling cargoes at the following
rates

rates

Plue Steam State I made as a follows, that is to say: If the declarant be in
the United Kingdom, in the presence of any judge of
the peace; if elsewhere in Her Majesty's dominions in the presence of any judge of
any court of civil or criminal jurisdiction, of
any court of civil or criminal jurisdiction, or
any court of civil or criminal jurisdiction, or court of civil or crimin Ordinary assortment, Cuba cargoes .. \$17 00@18 09

America, on the 13th of May, 1876, the ratifications of which were exchanged at Lordon on the 15th August, 1870; and on the 17th day of August, 1870, Her Majesty, by Order in Council, did declare that a convention had been entered into, to the effect that the subjects or citizens of those States who had been naturalized as British subjects might divest themselves of their stotus as such subjects.

AND WHEREAS, by a supelementary conventions of the convention AND WHEREAS, by a supplementary conven-tion signed at Washington on 23d February, 1871, the ratifications whereof were exchanged

Her Majesty."

ANNEX (A.)

"I, A. B., of (insert abode) being originally a citizen of the United States of America (or a British subject) and having become naturalized within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty as a British subject, (or as a citizen within the United States of America) do hereby renounce my naturalization as a British subject (or citizen of the United States;) and declare that it is my desire to resume my nationality as a citizen

Having associated themselves together will practice in the following Courts: Sampson, Bladen, Cumberland, New Hanover, Duplin and Wayne, and also in the State and Federal Courts. All business entrusted to their care

04000

Profitable Employment.

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CAUTION Old and Inferior Lives of Gen. Lee are being circulated.—See that the book you buy is accompanied by a superb lithographic portrait of GEN. LEE, on a sheet 19 by 21 inches, suitable r framing. Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NA-TIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 4w THOMSON'S

GLOVE-FITTING CORSET. If you want the most satisfactory, best fitting and the cheapest Corset for its real value, you have ever worn, buy THOMSON'S GENUINE PATENT GLOVE-FITTING. No Corset has ever at-

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Thomson, Langdon & Co.

Sole Owners of Patents,

391 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. 4w

either in this or any other

As now made in length and fullness

Oh, Would I Were a Child Again! sighs the weary and exhausted one, as the languor and lassitude of spring comes upon him, Come and receive vigor and strength from the wonderful South American Toxic

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VICOR to the wasted frame, and correct all

or Single, these Bitters are un-equalled and have often been the SEVENTY-FIVE FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.

MANUFACTORY WM. KNABE & CO.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

These instruments have been before the public for nearly THERTY years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unpurchased pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequaled in TONE, TOUCH,

A WANT NEVER BEFORE
SUPPLIED.—In the South where
Liver Complaint and Billious diseases prevail
to so great an extent there has long been felt
the need of a medicine that would get specifithe need of a medicine that would act specifi-cally and promptly on the Liver, restoring it to its normal functions, and at the same time be safe from after effects, and yet so simple that it might be used by any one. It is now admitted by all that DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS supplies this want. They are now prescribed by the most eminent Physicians throughout the whole South.

ing humanity. I have used them in my own case and in my family for some time with the greatest success. Their action is gentle but certain, producing no griping nor requiring any change of diet. That they will find their way to every part of the country, I have no doubt. I cordially commend them to the afflicted.

Yours, etc.,

Proprieter Clobe Hotel. Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye is the Best in Use.

HAND-MADE BOOTS,

nt Warren in the chair. CUMULATIVE SUFFRAGE. The special order, the bill to authorize mulative suffrage for municipal elections the session of 1870-'71. Referred. the city of Wilmington, and for other

rposes was considered. The special order, the motion to reconler the vote by which the Senate refused concur in the House amendments to the l for the relief of the Wilmington, Charte and Rutherford Railroad, was con-

The bill to cure certain defects in taking the probate of deeds and in the privy ex-The vote was reconsidered and the Senamination of femes covert passed its third concurred in the House amendments.

SENATE. SATURDAY, Feb. 3, 1872. Mr. Murphy, from the Committee on griculture, reported favorably on the Il to prevent fraud in the adulteration of rtilizers. Calendar. The bill to authorize the commissioners

Onslow to levy a special tax passed its wifh. ird reading Also the bill to authorize the commising elections of Superior Court Clerks in oners of Sampson county to levy a ecial tax. vacant and been filled by appointment. Also the bill to continue ln force an act

authorize the commissioners of Cumbernd to levy a special tax. Also the bill to authorize the commis-King, Olds and Norment favored the oners of Montgomery county to levy a amendment. Messrs. Gilmer, McClammy, ecial tax and to issue bonds. The unfinished business of yesterday, e bill concerning constables, was re amed, and the bill passed its second read-

The bill to amend sections 9, 11 and 13, apter 139, laws of 1870-71, was put pon its second reading. [Fees of county

The bill passed its second reading. RE-DISTRICTING THE STATE, The bill to be entitled an act to divide orth Carolina into eight Congressional

districts, the special order, was put upon second reading. Mr. McClammy moved to recommit the ill and substitute till Monday, and that a ommittee of one person from each Conssional District be appointed to confer ith the committee, and report a bill for e action of the Senate. Adopted.

The consideration of the bill in regard to obate of deeds and the privy examinaon of femes covert was resummed, and bill passed its second teading." The bill to amend the law of limited artnerships, passed its record reading

The bill to promote and encourage the anting of oysters and clams; also The bill to mend the law of evidence in rtain cases; also

The bill to define and punish the crime embezzlement. Under a suspension of e rules, the bill passed its third reading. On motion of M. Whiteside, the rule suspended, and the following bill ssed its several readings:

taxation of farm products; referred. The bill to require Superior Court Clerks refusing to concur in the House amendattend in their offices every Monday ments to the Senate bill concerning repreom 9 a. m., till 4 p. m., for probate duty, sentation in the Senate and asking a nd each succeeding day till such matter mittee of conference. Messrs. Gullick. disposed of, under the penalty of a foriture of his office, unless the failure be Currie, Waring, Loftin and Gregory were vote of 32 to 6, and was sent to the ecause of sickness

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. SATURDAY, Feb. 3, 1872.

xation of Banks; calendar. By Mr. Sparrow: A bill to prevent the actice and procedure in action by credirs of deceased persons against their perrning the election and registration in 1872, taken up and passed its several readings. as taken up.

The previous question was called and e bill passed its 3d reading; yeas 59, nays , a strict party vote. On motion of Mr. Harris, of Guilford, the reducing the salary of the Governor to 500 per annum, to take effect on the 1st ay of January, 1873, was taken up and ssed its 2d reading.

The bill was put on its third reading After considerable debate the bill was rered to the Finance committee. SENATORIAL APPORTIONMENT

The bill redistricting the Senatorial disicts of the State was taken up and after long debate, and the adoption and rejeeon of inumerous, amendments, passed it

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 3. AFTERNOON SESSION.

The bill to incorporate the New River nal company. Also The bill to prevent the sale of spirituous clams. uors within one and a half miles of St.
ul's Church and Ashepole Meeting
ouse, Robeson county, passed the . econd t third readings. The bill to prevent illicit or fraudulent

ading in the night time or on Sundays as laid on the table. The bill for the relief of Express Comnies was taken up.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Feb. 3, 1872.

Cape Fear Lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F Wilmington, passed its second and third AFTERNOON SESSION. On motion of Mr. Stanford the bill to corporate the town of Faison, Duplin iquors within one mile of Island Creek ounty, was taken up and passed its sev-Academy, Duplin county, was put upon its passage, and was rejected on its second

On motion of Mr. Stanford, the bill supemental to the act creating the new counof ["Pamlico" was taken up and passed ing liquors near the Baptist church at several readings. Pleasant Plains, Columbus county, was faid By Mr. Luckey: A bill to levy a special ax for the benefit of the Insane Asylum:

On motion of Mr. Jordan, the resolution neerning the taxation of Banks, farm and oducts, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Houston the bill was The Senate resolution raising a special

int committee to wait on the Messrs. oleman and ascertain upon what terms ey will relinquish their rights under e existing contract for the construction of he Penitentiary was taken up and passed s several readings. By Mr. Broadfoot: A bill concerning the axation of Banks: calendar.

SENATE. Monday, Feb. 5, 1872. Mr. Cook presented a bill to amend an ct in relation to salaries and fees, and on notion the rules were suspended, and the bill was put upon its passage Mr. Cook explained the object of the bill be to reduce the salary of the Governor from

he salary of the Governor at \$4,000, that

officer now not having a house in which to

live, and the salary of the Treasurer at \$2,-

The question recurred on Mr. Troy's

bill redistricting the State in regard to Sen- adjourned.

gard to usury was taken up. The ques-5,000 to \$3,000 per annum, and that of Treasurer from \$3,000 to \$2,000, allowng the same elerical force and salaries, and rate of interest. Mr. Loftin called the previous question. Mr. Troy moved an additional section providing that the salary of the Superinndent of Public Works be \$50 per an-

The call having prevailed, a vote was 000.] taken, and the bill failed to pass its third. Mr um from and after the passage of the

up and passed its several readings.

instead of \$1 05.)

32-3 cents on the \$100 instead of 12 cents

jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace; cal- the settler endar.

resolution rescinding the order for sine die without settlement. adjournment on the 7th inst.; and fixing it

transmitting sundry amendments to the

storial districts, and asking the concur-On motion of Mr. Whiteside the Senate efused to concur, and asked for a commit-

and its third reading 23 to 14.

laries and fees, passed its third reading,

those of sheriffs for like services, and pas-

The special order, the bill concerning

unties where such offices have become

Mr. Moore moved to strike out sec. 11

prohibiting registration on election day,

except in certain cases. Messrs. Moore,

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

By Mr. McNeill: A bill in relation to in-

struction being the special order, it was

Mr. McNeill moved to postpone until to-

Superior Court Clerks was taken up and

which the bill passed its third reading.

By Mr. Waring: A bill to establish the

By Mr. Jordan: A bill concerning the

Message was received from the Senate

AFTERNOON SESSION.

TUESDAY, Feb. 6th, 1872.

amendment to the bill to prevent the de-

struction of fish in Black river, &c, Price, colored, introduced a bill to Incor-

porate the Cyrenean Association of the city

The bill to amend sec. 131, code of civil

The chair announced as the Senaté

branch of the committee to confer with

Coleman Brothers on the matter of the

contract for the building of the Peniten-tiary, Messrs. Worth, Gilmer and Haw-

The bill to amend sec. 2, chap. 66, public laws 1869-70, passed its third readings.

The bill to amend the act to pro note and

The bill to incorporate the Raleigh and

Fayetteville Railroad company passed its

Mr. Skinner introduced a bill for the bet-

On motion of Mr. Skinner, the bill pass-

The bill to amend the charter of the

The till to prohibit the sale of spirituous

The bill to prohibit the sale of intoxicat

commercial fertilizers failed to pass its sec-

Mr. Moore moved to transmit the testi

mony taken before the Penitentiary cont-

mittee to the House, pending the consideration of which, the Senate adjourned till

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

ed its several readings under a suspension

ter protection of oysters and terrapins in

encourage the planting of oysters and

Wilmington. Calendar.

o'clock on Thursday.

of the rules.

ond reading.

second and third readings.

the waters of North Carolina.

procedure, passed its third reading.

Western Insane Asylum at Charlotte: re-

MONDAY, Feb. 5, 1872.

Edwards, Dargan and Troy opposed it.

ctments; calendar

its third reading.

s second reading.

morrow; carried

third reading.

its second and third reading.

passed its second reading.

Another long discussion

elections and registration, was proceeded

ed its third reading.

tee of conference

LVENING SESSION The following bills, &c., were disposed of as indicated.

The bill to prohibit the sale of intoxica-Mr. Troy introduced a bill supplemental ting liquors in the town of Swansboro' and to the Revenue bill-to reduce the penitenwithin six miles thereof, passed its several tax to 62 cents the work on the readings; also main building, " for good cause," been suspended, and the tax levied being The bill concerning the stock and intermore than necessary for the support of the

est of the State in the Western Division of the W. N. C. R. R., was put upon its se-Mr. Gilmer moved to amend by provicond and third readings. The bill to incorporate Stonewall Lodge, No. 1, K. of P., of Wilmington, passed seding that the poll tax be reduced proportionately—to 75 cents. Adopted. cond and third reading; The bill passed its second reading 22 to The bill supplemental to the bill to in-corporate the Bank of the State; also Mr. Norment introduced a bill to amend

The bill to construct a toll bridge across an act entitled salaries and fees, passed at the Cape Fear River at Lillington, Harnett The bill to amend the act in relation to ounty; also

The bill to incorporate the Cyrenean Company of Wilmington. The bill concerning Constables was

SENATE.

TUESDAY, Feb. 6, 1872.

The bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous amended by making their fees equal to uors in the town of Smithville, Brunswick county, was put upon its passage. The bill passed its second reading and its further consideration was postponed till o-morrow night.

The bill to incorporate the Little Coha-Mr. Dargan introduced a resolution to rie Draining Company, The bill to incorporate the town of Lilrescind the resolution to adjourn on the 7th February, and poposing to adjourn on Monday, February 12th, at 12 M. lington, Harnett county,
The bill to incorporate the Cumberland county Agricultural Society, all passed third The resolution of Mr. Dargan was adop

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

The joint resolution in regard to the pro-

ceeds of the sale of public lands was adopt-

Have BESTON. Senate bill concerning marriages, marriage settlements, &c., was taken up and on otion of Mr. Dunham was made special order for to-morrow at 11 o'clock. Senate bill to protect the mining interest of the State was taken up, read second

time and referred to committee on judi-The hour for the special order being the bill for the school fund, and to provide for system of public instruction, On motion of Mr. Sparrow, the further The Senate bill to transfer certain cases consideration was postponed until half-past

left undisposed of in the late County 10 o'clock to-morrow, and made the special Courts was taken up and passed its third order for that hour. Mr. Nicholson introduced a bill to empower the Superior Court judges to appoint | Halifax and Northampton." The Senate bill to repeal chapter 227, laws of 1869-70, was taken up and passed commission in certain cases for the settlement of estates; referred.

The Senate bilt to repeal chapter 267, laws of 1868-'69, was taken up and passed House bill in relation to indictments, providing that indictments shall contain a stinct statement of the offence charged to The Senate bill to repeal chapter 274, have been committed, and the manner and Hertford, Bertie, Martin, Washington, Tyr place of committing the same, and no more, laws of 1870-71, was taken up and passed all provisions of the common or statute law | Pitt. The bill to consolidate the School Taws to the contrary, notwithstanding. On secand to provide for a system of public inond reading bill failed to pass.

On motion of Mr. Sparrow, the rules were suspended and the House bill, 548, to prescribe the practice and proceedings in tions by creditors of deceased persons The Senate bill in relation to the fees of was taken up and tabled. The bill to authorize the commissioners

On motion, the bill was placed on its taken up and laid on the table. The bill to mortgage deposits in fieu of individual security on money deposits was cating liquors near Swamp Baptist Church

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7. Mr. Graham, of Orange, introduced the following bill in relation to appportionment of Senatorial Districts, which, under a suspension of the rules, passed its second

The bill passed its third reading by a announced as the House branch of said House.

> The following is the bill as passed: N-ACT IN RELATION TO APPORTION-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. MENT IN THE STATE SENATE. Monday, Feb 5, 1872. The General Assembly of North Caroline The Senate bill to prevent the destruction of fish in Black River and Six Runs in

SECTION 1. That until the first session of in On motion of Mr. Dunham, the bill con- New Hanover and Sampson counties was the General Assembly which shall be had section 5 of article II, of the constitution, or by order of Congress, the Senate shall be composed of members elected from dis- lay on the table the motion to concur in The bill to establish a special court in tricts constituted as follows, each of which 1st District, Camden, Currituck and The Senate concurred in the House Pasquotank-

Hertford, Gates, Chowan and Per-Martin, Washington, Tyrrelland Dare.

Beaufort, Hyde and Pamlico. Bertie and Northampton. Halifax. Edgecombe

Pitt and Wilson. Franklin and Nash.

Lenoir and Green. Onslow, Carteret and Jones.

New Hanover. Bladen and Bronswick. Columbus and Robeson.

Wayne Wake. Warren.

. Orange. Chatham. Caswell and Person.

Guilford. Mamance

Cumberland and Harnett. Sampson.

. Moore and Montgomery, Raudolph.

Richmond. Anson and Union. Mecklenburg. Cabarrus and Stauly

Davie and Rowan. 77. Davidson. 38. Stokes and Forsythe,

urry and Yadkin. Alexander and Wilkes Catawba and Lincoln.

aston and Cleaveland. The bill to prevent frauds in the sale of Burke and Caldwell

IcDowell, Mitchell and Watauga. Alleghany, Ashe and Yancey. 18. Buncombe and Madison.

49. Haywood, Henderson and Transyl-

On motion of Mr. Graham, of Orange, he fules were suspended and the bill in re-

lation to the taxation of banks passed its A message was received from the Senate | several readings. resolution to adjourn on the 7th, and fixing | State into eight Congressional Districts was the day of adjournment for the 12th considered. The bill passed its second

On motion of Mr. Marler, the bill supple-The bilt then passed its third reading by mental to an act to raise revenue was taken, a vote of 28 to 8

and passed its several readings. [The Districts are the same as published (Makes the tax for penitentiary purposes yestorday.] Mr. Gilmer introduced a bill to amend and makes the general poll tax 95 cents, chapter 137, laws of 4869-70, to provide for the draining of lands, which, under

On motion of Mr. Loftin, the bill in re- suspension of the rules, passed its several tion recurred upon the substitute reported. The resolution concerning the sale of by the committee, which makes 12 per Holly Shelter Swamp, New Hanover and cent. upon money loaned at the maximum | Onslow, was put upon its second reading. [Instructs the Board of Education to sell the swamp to bond fide settlers for \$10.

Mr. Murphy opposed the sale for so pal-try a sum of money. reading—yeas 60, nays 27.

By Mr. Durham: A bill to give chief

Mr. Robbins, of Davidson, moved to officers of cities and towns the criminal amend by requiring a sufficient bond for ment before title be given. Mr. McClammy moved to amend by providing against the destruction of timber

Mr. Robbins, of Rowan, offered an

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, Feb. 75, 1872.

egard to fees Mr. Troy, from the committee on penal The bill consolidating the school laws institutions, to whom was referred a resolu-tion in regard to the Coleman Brother's and providing for a system of public instruction, being the unfinished business, it contract, reported a bill providing for a commission to settle that matter. The question recurred upon Mr. Ashe's

amendment making the tax 6 2-3 cents on was considered. the \$100 instead of one twelfth of one per Gn motion of Mr. Robbins, of Davidson Senators Worth and Troy and Colonel S. L. Fremont were appointed said commis-

cent, which was put to a vote and adopted. The bill then passed its third reading, yeas 88, nays 1, (Mr. Woodhouse.) Mr. Wilcox submitted a report from the The bill then passed its second reading committee of Conference in regard to the

Senatorial Apportionment bill. want of a quorum. On motion of Mr. Robbins, of Rowan, ville jail on the 22d ult. Mr. Gnyther moved to postpone until tomorrow at 11:30 a. m. Carried-yeas 48, the rules were suspended for the purpose of rescinding the resolution to adjourn on By Mr. McNeill : A bill to provide for Monday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Bill for the better protection of ovsters

and terrapins in the waters of North Caro-

A message was received from the Senate.

The bill passed its third reading-yeas

Bill to amend sec. 66, laws 1879-'70.

SENATE.

The bill in regard to a municipal election

in the town of Carthage, Moore county,

tricts, which was made the special order for

1870-'71, passed its several readings.

The bill in relation to Insurance Com-

The Senate concurred in the House

the practice and procedure of creditors of

Mr. Murphy reported favorably on the

On motion of Mr. Troy, the rules were

The bill was supported by Messrs. Mc-

suspended and bill passed its several read-

to examine the accounts of the public treas-

arer passed its final reading.

s second reading, 17 to 16.

on the table.

oysters and terrapins.

of North Carolina.

The bill concerning insane convicts, passed its second and third readings.

The bill to amend the act in relation to

alaries and fees of county officers was laid

The Senate concurred in the House

amendments to bill for the protection of

The resolution concerning the Cheroker

The resolution in relation to the sale of

the Eastern Division of the W. N. C. R. R.

instructs the Governor and Attorney Gen-

eral to investigate the reported sale, and to

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Bill in relation to the stock and interest

The question recurring upon the pas

Mr. Lucas asked to take up the bill to

The yeas and mays being called the bill

ge of the bill, resulted, yeas 18, nays

protect oysters and terrapins in the waters

passed its third reading-yeas 48, nays 20.

Resolution to raise a commission to ex-

amine the accounts of the State Treasurer.

Mr. Crawford: A resolution in relation

the sale of the Eastern Division of the

Bill to be entitled an act to incorporate

Bill to provide for the creation of certain

Mr. Withers moved that the bill concern-

Mr. Ashe asked and obtained leave of

AN ACT

To Incorporate the Wilmington and

Carolina document: That Silas N. Martin, Edward Kidder, Robert H. Cowan, F. W.

Kerchner, M. Cronly, Wm. H. Willard, A.

Y. McAdden John L. Brown and W. P.

Love, their associates and successors, are

hereby incorporated and created a body

the "Wilmington and Charlotte Railway"

litic and comporate, under the name of

, bonds, stocks and other securities, and

dispose of the same, make contracts with Railroad Companys for building Railroads

and equiping and operating the same, and

corporation created by the laws of this State

constitution and laws of the United States

other officers as a majority shall determine.

and make all needful by-laws and resolu-

ard of Managers, a President

Sec. 2. That the Company may elect a

or of this State.

Charlotte Railway Building Com-

ing marriage be made the special order for

Cyrenian commissioners of the city of Wil-

trust estates, passed its several readings.

W. N. C. R. R. under a suspension of the

ules passed its several readings.

mington passed its several readings.

FRIDAY, Feb. 9.

bill to prevent fraud in the sale of commer-

deceased persons against their personal rep-

panies not incorporated in this State was

postpoxed till the 1st day of December next

mendments to the election bill.

ssed its thiad reading

FRIDAY, Feb. 9.

The special order, the bill to prescribe after reading this advertisement need any one

It was the first and is

amendments were concurred in.

transmitting State Senate apportionment

THURSDAY, Feb. 8.

EVENING SESSION.

lina, passed its second reading.

rence therein.

50. navs 14.

on Monday.

House, yeas 48; nays 21.

? o'clock to-day.

The bill to

cial manures.

Cammy and Troy.

special session of Superior Court for the county of Robeson. Referred. The resolution passed its final reading 19 to 10, and was sent to the House. By Mr. Jones, of Caldwell : A bill to en-The bill to incorporate the town of Faicourage immigration. Referred. son, Duplin county, passed its second On motion of Mr. Robeson, the vote by which the school bill passed its third read-The bill in relation to salaries and fees

ing was reconsidered. Mr. Robinson then offered an amendment which, after a long debate, was rejected and the bill passed its third reading. On motion of Mr. Lassiter, the bill to promote the mining interest of the State was taken up.

By Cawthorn, colored : A bill to repeal the act incorporating the N. C. Real and Personal Estate Agency. Calendar. The Senate resolution relating to the Cherokee Indians was taken up and passed

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 8, 1872. Mr. Gilmer moved a reconsideration of the vote by which was passed on its third reading yesterday, the bill to divide the State into eight congressional districts. It was desired to offer an amendment generally acceptable to the members of assembly from the east. The vote was reconsid-

Mr. Latham, Mr. Gilmer in the chair, offered the following amendment which was adopted and the bill passed its third read--24 to 9: Strike out Warren, Halifax and North

ampton from the first district, and insert Beaufort, Hyde, Pitt and Pamlico, and from the second district strike out Beanfort, Hyde, Pitt and Pamlico, and insert Warren The amendment leaves the 1st and 2d

stricts as follows-the other districts re maining as reported yesterday: First District-Currituck, Camden, Pas notank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan, rell, Dare, Beaufort, Pamlico, Hyde

Second District.-Edgecombe, Wilson Greene, Wayne, Lenoir, Jones, Craven. Warren, Halifax and Northampton. The bill to prohibit the safe of spiritu ous liquors in the town of Smithville.

Brunswick county, passed its third read-The bill to amend chap, 66, sec. 13 of Brunswick county to issue bonds was laws of 1869-'70, passed its second and third readings. The bill to prohibit the sale of intoxi-

> Robeson county, was rejected on its second Mr. Gilmer introduced a bill to estublish the rates for public printing and for other purposes, which, under a suspension of the rules, passed its several readings. The bill provides for sixty cents per thousand plain composition, fifty cents per token for press work, &c.

> The engrossed bill to prescribe fhe practice and procedure in actions by creditors of deceased persons against their personal representatives, was put upon its passage and was considered by sections. The bill passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Flemming, the further consideration of the bill was postponed till 1 o'clock to-morrow. The report of the conference committee on the Senatorial Districts was received. Mr. Gilmer moved the report be concurred

Not agreed to-21 to 12. Mr. Worth moved to reconsider the after an enumeration of the inhabitants of vote by which the Senate refuied to agree the State shall be taken, as prescribed in to the report of the conference committee-Mr. Graham, of Orange, now moved to

> the report of the conference committee. Mr. Morehead to amend as follows: 15th district Sampsone one Senator: 14th-Bladen and Brunswick one Senator: 17th-Wake one Senator; 20th-Orange, Person and Caswell shall elect two Senators; Rock-

ingham one Senator; Franklin, Nash and Wilson two Senators. Adopted. On motion of Mr. Gráham, a message was sent to the House announcing the con- Indians was laid on the table. currence in the report of the conference committee with the foregoing amendments.

Mr. Troy introduced a bill to prevent fraud in the sale of commercial manures. Calendar. Mr. Murphy, a bill to authorize a special election in Franklin township, Sampson county. Pending the consideration of the

bill, the special order, the election bill was considered The bill was amended by filling the several blanks, as to places of comparing of the State in the Western Division of the W. C. R. R. came up on special order. the polls in the Senatorial and Congressional districts, &c., and then the bill passed

its final reading. Mr. Murphy introduced a substitute for the bill to provide for a special election for Franklin township, Sampson county, which passed its several readings.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The unfinished business being the bill from the Senate in relation to apportionment in the Senate was taken up, but gave

way to the Senate bill in relation to marriage, marriage contracts, &c. The bill passed its second reading, and was made the special order 8.45 p. m. to-

Bill in reference to the proportionment of the State Senate. Pending the discussion the special order, eport of the conference committee.

The House then concurred in the report of the conference committee-year 45, navs 39. Mr. Loftin from the Committee on Education reported on the following bills:

Bill creating the office of Assistant perintendent of Public Instruction. Bill to allow school committees pay for their services. Bill to repeal sub. 3, see, 36, of school aws of 1869. Bill to protect property and revenue the University.

Bill in relation to the apportionment of he State Senate was again taken up. On motion the bill was laid on the table. A message was received from the Senate ransmitting the following bills and resolu

Resolution to invite immigra jon to North Carolina. Bill creating trusts and estates

Bill to protect oysters and tarapins in the to do all other acts and things which any veters of North Carolina. Bill to promote the planting of oysters and clams in the waters of North Carolina. Bill to divide North Carolina into eight ongressional districts. On motion of Mr. Robinson, the bill to

divide North Carolina into eight congressional districts, was put upon its second reading and passed—yeas 58, nays 22. Under a suspension of the rules the bill passed its third reading—yeas 56, nays 29. Bill in reference to constables was taken than one up on its third reading, and failed to pass fermined by a majority of stockholders for want of quorum. On motion of Mr. Johnston, of Buncombe, the rules were suspended, and bill in rela-tion to the stock of the State in the West-

the conference committee on the bill in STATE NEWS.

seven contributing editors, all of whom are among the leading farmers of Edgecombe. ommission to settle that matter.

Under a suspension of the rules the bill hundredth part of all the cotton raised in

the United States. Capt. J. Y. Whitted is to open a new tobacco warehouse in Hillsboro, as we learn from the Recorder.

Two white men, one charged with Ku The bill failed to pass its third reading for kluxing and the other under sentence of death for murder, escaped from the Ashe-

The Battleboro Advance says: William G. Proctor, Esq., residing near Rocky Mount, killed on Tuesday last, at one shot, four wild turkeys, whose aggregate weight was seventy-two pounds.

Weinstein's new store in Newbern, is said to be the finest building in North Carlina, is supplied with water and steam under act of 1870-'71, was laid on the table. throughout, and has an elevator operated by steam, with other and every conceivable odern improvement and convenience. The Winston Sentinel is informed

through a reliable source that a Canadian has instructed an agent to purchase five settle a colony of Canadians and erect ma- of the cloud ever discovered. chinery. The Raleigh Carolinian learns that

bill, with amendments, and asking concur-Messrs. Davies and Flemming will soon begin the publication, either in Marion or Asheville, of a Democratic paper. Mr. Message was received from the Senate Davies has for some time been connected transmitting resolution rescinding a former with the Carolinian, and we cordially resolution fixing the day of adjournment commend him to the public as a clear, forcible and elegant writer. The resolution to rescind passed the

The Greensboro' Patriot says: From conversation with Captain Eudy, Superintendent of the Gardener Hill Copper Mine, Bill in reference to elections and regissix miles from town, we learn that this tration for 1872 with amendments from the mine is now in operation, running a force On motion of Mr. Robinson, the Senate at present of seventy-five men, which is to be increased as the work progresses. A splendid vein of ore, six feet wide, was Senate bill to establish the prices for the struck last week. public printing, read and referred to com-

The Raleigh Carolinian says: An effort is making to provide funds for distribution among the Democratic press of the State to enable them to better prosecute the campaign, print and distribute public documents. We learn that several thousand dollars will be devoted to this purpose, and passed its final reading.

Mr. Whiteside introduced a bill to amend

North Carolina will next summer be the it is estimated that the country press of the act in relation to the Senatorial dis- most efficient arm of the service.

MEDICAL.

The bill to amend chap. 93 private laws incorporate the town of Fail R. R. R. son, Sampson county, passed its final read-RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

> CURES THE WORST PAINS IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTE NOT ONE HO R

Suffer with Pain. resentatives was considered, and the bill Radway's Ready Relief is a Cure For BOCKOVER BROS., Sole Proprietors, Every Pain.

> The Only Pain Remedy that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application,

The resolution to appoint a commission no matter thow violent or excruciating pain the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Ner vous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer. The following resolution was adopted: The resolution to authorize the employ-

ment of the necessary aid in carrying out Radway's Ready Relief WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE. The bill to amend the bill to redistrict inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, the State by changing the 37th, 38th and 39th Senatorial districts, being the special Congestion of the Lungs
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart, order, was proceeded with. The bill pro-poses to consolidate the three districts as Hysterics, Croup, Diptheria, follows: Catawba, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleave-Catarrb, Influenza

land, Rutherford and Polk to form one Headache, Toothache, senatorial district and have three Senators, the district to be numbered 37.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where pain or difficulty exists will afford Twenty drops in half a tumbler water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhen, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relier with them. A few dropa in water will prepent sickness or pains from

> change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant. FEVER AND AGUE. FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. Ther is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Billious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other

in water will prevent sickness or pains from

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bot protect the interest of the State in the ite HEALTH! BEAUTY!

Billious, Scarlet, Typhold, Yellow and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick

STRONG AND PURE RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SRIN AND BRAUTIPUL COMPLEXION

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsparillian Resolvent A

Has Made the Most Astonishing Cures; So Quick, So Rapid are the Unanges the Body Undergoes, Under the In-fluence of this Truly Wonderful Medicine, that EVERY DAY AN INCREASE IN FLESH AND WEIGHT IS SEEN AND FELT.

The Great Blood Purifier.

Every drop of the SARSPAILLIAN RESOLrine and other fluids and juices of the system Urine and other founds and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofala, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular diseases, Urcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst-forms of skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acue, flack Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principal state.

ONLY TWO DOLLARS A YEAR:
Six Cories one Year for Sig.

Every new subscriber receives, as A Calendar, and the time of bolding Superior Counts in eyery County throughout the State.

North Carolinian Should be Without this Map. weakening and painful discharges. Night Sweats Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a new days use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes, and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood, and the SARSPARHAJAN will and does secures, a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing abetter and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSPARHAJAN KESOLVENT excel all known agents in the cure of Chronic, Secortlous, Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for Kidney and Bladder Complaints.

Building Company," and such may suc, diseases; but it is the only positive cure for and be sued, plead and be impleaded, ac-Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all

> the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Doine. DR. RADWAY'S DOUBLE REFINED POLDRETTE, of the "Lodi Manufacturing Co." for sale in lofs to sait custoff Purcative Pills, tomers. This article is sold for half the price

cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like

Perfect Purgative Pills.

The question was now on the third reading of the bill passed its third reading of the bill passed its third reading of the bill passed its third reading of the flew and the bill passed its third reading of the flew and the bill passed its third reading of the flew and the proportion the House answer than the same of the same of

CREATEST.

The Reconstructed Farmer has a list of Medical Discovery of the Age.



Dr. Fowler's Compound Extract! FOR THE CURE OF Scrofula, Syphilis, Liver Complaint. Constipation, Chronic Rheumatism, Disease reader, and is Illustrated with numerous En Blood Impurities.

We offer to the American public a new and book. It discloses secrets that every one should valuable remedy for the above mentioned dis- be acquainted with; still it is a book that must eases. Fowler's Compound Extract is composed | be locked up and not lie about the house. It of the best medicines known to Materia Medica | will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents. t is perfectly pure in all its ingre lents, being Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce composed of several well known articles univer sally used by the best Physicians; each of which in combination, supplies what experience has shown to be wanting when singly employed, but the result of patient investigation, requiring time, labor and skill, so as to give the public a genuine article, which they can rely upon, and in place of the worthless and dangerous Patent thousand acres of land near Winston as Medicines flooding the country; and therefore soon as he is assured of the early comple- enables us to warrant Fowler's Compound Extion of the railroad. It is his intention to tract to be the most perfect curative for diseases his publications by mail or at his office, No. 41

SCROFULA.

This Compound is a never failing cure for this terrible disease. How many diseases have their seat in the blood-diseases which have been treated vainly for years. If the blood alone is purified, in most cases health and happiness will soon return. Dr. Fowler's Compound acts especially upon the virus in the blood, causing in time the disappearance of the hideous sores, and restoring the skin to a healthful appearance, the eye clear and sparkling, and the whole organization becomes healthy.

SYPHILAS.

Of all diseases which flesh is heir to, none bring o much misery, moral and physical, as Synhilis. (To all so afflicted we can truly say this remedy will help you. Two articles found by experience to be peculiarly efficacions for this disease are contained in this compound. We ask you to try Dr. Fowler's Compound Extract, and by civing the formation in the content in provements to be the standard by the firm to be the standard by the Dr. Fowler's Compound Extract, and by giving it a fair trial, it will cure you.

We speak with much confidence of Dr. Fowler's Compound, because we know what it is composed of, and what it will do. We know Dr. Fowler well, who is a physician of known repute, standing second to none in the country, of long experience, an honorable man, who, having a reputation for character, as well as ourselves, ould never allow a medici e to go before the public without merit. And we say of this Compound, if taken according to directions, after a fair trial, it will do all we claim for it

We offer it as a new discovery, which it certainly is-a genuine article for Scrofula, Sypbil is, and all blood impurities, and knowing the genuineness of it, as such we send it forth, saying, "Go Heal the Suffering! PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

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113 Liberty St., New York City, MCILHENNY & WRIGHT, Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Wilmington, N. C.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, T. W. BROWN

BROWN & ANDERSON, DEALER IN FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS.

WILMINGTON, N. C. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired en M The Premiums for the Cape Fear Agricultural Fair together with several Special Premi-

ums contracted for and furnished by this dec 22. 1871. 49-wlych

COMMISSIONER'S SALE. In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court In parsuance of an order of the Probate Court
of New Hanover, made upon the petition of
John Colville, Administrator of Thomas L.
Colville, against May Colville, a minor, and A.
F. Newkirk and wife, I will, on SATURDAY,
the I th day of February next, before the door
of the Court House in Wilmington, outer for of the Court House in Wilmington, oner for sale at Public Auction, that tract of Land-now occupied by said Newkirk, lying on the Sound and Bann Inlet Creek, adjoining the lands of William Mott, Daniel McClammy, Benjamin Mott, Siephen Sneeden and others. Terms of sale—One-third cash and the bal-ance at one and two years credit.

jan 19 MODEL NEWSPAPER. The Carolina Messenger,

PUPLISHED EVERY FRIDAY. AT GOLDSBORO', N. C. IMPROVED AND ENLARGED A Newspaper of the Present Times, Intended for the people now on Earth

cluding Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, rofessional Men, and all manner of honest ONLY TWO DOLLARS A YEAR!

Courts in every County throughout the facturers, a cargoe of the above justly celebra North Carolinian Should be With-out this Map.

The Messenger is pre-embently a readable Family Paper (mow in its 7th volume,) and, as a vehicle of news, has always held the first rank

Canvassers Wanted in Every County.

Address

JULIUS A. BONITZ, Editor and Proprietor TO FARMERS and

periectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet tions for the management and control of its affairs. The capital stock shall not exceed one million dollars, nor be less than one hundred thousand, to be destermined by a majority of stockholders from time to time. The amount of each share of stock and all other matters pertaining to the payment of the same, shall be determined and fixed by the by-laws, and each share shall have one vote in any meeting of stockholders.

Sec. 3. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification, and shall continue in force for minety-nine years.

In General Assembly read three times, and ratified this 30th day of January, A. D. 1872.

Thomas J. Jarus,

Thomas J. Jarus,

Thomas J. Jarus, lowing testimonials;
J. A. J. Askew, of Colerain, N. C., in a letter dated Sept. 16th, 1870, says: "I let several planters have some of the "Double Refined Poudrette." One says he wants five tons next season to put under Corn. I used four tons on Corn, and although the season was unfavorable, it astonished every one who saw it. I think it the best fertilizer for Corn Lavar and

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. EVERY ONE HIS OWN DOCTOR.

Being a private instructor for married perms, or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work, It is written in plain language for the general of the Kidneys and Bladder, and all gravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this

> street, above Fourth, Philadelphia, AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE_ No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any one of the QUACKS-native and foreign-who advertis in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr Young's Book and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life. Dr. Young can be consulted on any of the diseases described in

Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

1872. Special Premium List.

The Executive Committee of the Sampson County Agricultural Society offers the follow ing premiums for the year 1872 :

For the best Model Farm, from one to ten-Second best. \$15
To be determined by a Committee appointed for the purpose, whose duty it shall be to visit the farms of competitors for the premium and examine the condition of the outbuildings with reference to their conveniences and uses, tools, carts, &c., fences, ditches, stock of all kinds, which to judge the farms to be visited and examined between the 1st and 15th (not later) of the month of August, and a full description of the successful farm written out by the competi-

the successful faint written out by the competi-tor for publication.

Each competitor must enter his farm at or before the July meeting and pay five dollars entrance fee to the Treasurer at the time of entering, the entrance fees to be added to the first premium offered (\$25) to be paid \$16 the necessful competitor

For the best Cultivated Farm, not less than twenty-five neres, \$25 Second best, 15 The competitor to hand to the Visiting Committee, at the time of examining the crop, a written statement of the time of planting, the kind of seed used, the manner of cultivation, the quantity and kind of manure used, the cost of the same and mode of application, together with all the expenses connected with the crop. The Visiting Committee to decide in favor of

entering. The entrance fees to be added to the first premium offered (\$25) to be paid to the sful competitor. harris MANURING.

For the largest crop of Corn produced upon one acre of Upland, not less than 75 bushels,.... for the largest crop of Corn produced upon one acre lowland, not less than 90 bushels,

Jewelry, Silverware,

50 bushels per acre.

515

FANCY GOODS, &c. SPECTACIAES

TO SUIT ALL AGES.

NO.37 MARKETSTREET,

WILMINGTON N. 6.

100 bushels per acre.

101 bushels per acre.

102 bushels per acre.

103 bushels per acre.

105 bushels per acre.

produced upon one acre, not less than

For the largest crop of Ground Peas produced upon one acre, not less than 75 bushess.
For the greatest yield of Syrup from half acre of Ribbon Sugar Cane.....
For the best four acres sown in Field Peas and used expressly for manner. Peas and used expressly for manure, and for no other purpose, with a treat-ise on the mode or planting and bene-

upon our acres, not less than 2,000 lbs. sto
9. For the largest crop of Cotton produced
upon four acres, not less than 1,600 lbs. sto
per acre. \$15
Exhibitors of the above crops must state in writing to the Secretary at the time of enter-ing the crop far exhibition, the quality of soil, mode of cultivation, amount and kind of man-ure, and the time of planting, the variety of seed used, the yield upon the land the previous rear; the land to be measured and the couched for by affidavit. Value of crop

25 yards wide at any one place. PHOSPHATE.

ted Fertilizer, FRESH and PURE, with the Analysis Branded on every Bag. This is the third year we have sold the STAR and from actual knowledge of its good qualities I from actual knowledge of its good quantum, can, unhesitatingly, and do strongly recom-and it to be as good as the mest, and as it has earned in all sections tributary to Wilminghas used it. The prices are the same as last We have agents in nearly every county, and

Wilmington, N. C. TOTIOE! Having qualified as Administrator, de honns

Attorney at Law. KENANSVILLE, N. C.,

dec 15th, 1871. TURPENTINE AXES.

Will practice in the Courts of Duplin, Wayne, enoir and Jones.

JOHN DAWSON"

id all kinds of Hardware and Agricultura

POBERT C. JOHNSON, Inspector of Asyal Stores, Cotton, &c.

WILMINGTON, N 7.

MODEL FARMS.

CULTIVATED FARMS

the greatest profit and permanent improvement of the suil. Manuring, fencing and ditching to be considered of first importance.

Each competitor must enter his farm at or before the July meeting and pay five dollars entrance fee to the Treasurer at the time of cutaring. The entrance fees to be added to the

the farmer who raises and applies the argest quantity of Domestic Manures to, and by each Horse, Mule or Ox, used in the cultivation of his farm, the quantity to be

or the largest crop of Corn produced apon four acres upland, not less than

upon one acre, not less than 40 bush-For the largest crop of Rye produced

duced upon one acre, not less than 15 bushels clean pens. S 5

11. For the largest crop of Grass raised upon one acre, not less than 3,000 lbs. \$15 12. Fer the largest crop of Rice produced upon one acre, not less than 50 bushels, 13. For the largest crop of Sweet Potatoes 4. For the dargest crop of Irish Pota produced upon 1/4 of an acre (half to be

18. For the largest crop of Cotton produced

expenses to be the standard; also at least one all bushel of said crops to be on exhibition as sample.
In all cases the land on which said crops are

We are now receiving, direct from the manu-

others wishing to act in agent.

no agent.
Pamphlets giving directions for use, &c.
be had on application to us.

VICK & MEBANE,

Wilmington, N. C.

noti on the Estate of John F. Moore, deceased, all persons who have claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

OWEN FENNELL, Adm.r.

R. KORNEGAY,

We have now on hand, and receiving by every Steamer, a large assortment of our Cele-

TURPENTINE AXES

jan 7 DAWSON, TEEL & HENNING.

Office at John C. Heyer's Store, would inform his friends and old enstomers that he has qualified as Inspector, and solicits their patronage.

jan 13

wherever convenient, if not then register letters containing money.